

**POLR3B Antibody (N-term)**  
**Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP13819A**

**Specification**

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**POLR3B Antibody (N-term) - Product Information**

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">O9NW08</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">P59470</a> , <a href="#">NP_060552.4</a>
Reactivity	Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	127785
Antigen Region	330-359

**POLR3B Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 55703

**Other Names**

DNA-directed RNA polymerase III subunit RPC2, RNA polymerase III subunit C2, C128, DNA-directed RNA polymerase III 1276 kDa polypeptide, DNA-directed RNA polymerase III subunit B, POLR3B

**Target/Specificity**

This POLR3B antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 330-359 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human POLR3B.

**Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

POLR3B Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**POLR3B Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information**

**Name** POLR3B ([HGNC:30348](#))

**Function** Catalytic core component of RNA polymerase III (Pol III), a DNA-dependent RNA polymerase which synthesizes small non-coding RNAs using the four ribonucleoside triphosphates as substrates. Synthesizes 5S rRNA, snRNAs, tRNAs and miRNAs from at least 500 distinct genomic loci (PubMed:[20413673](#), PubMed:[33558766](#)). Pol III-mediated transcription cycle proceeds through transcription initiation, transcription elongation and transcription termination stages. During transcription initiation, Pol III is recruited to DNA promoters type I, II or III with the help of general transcription factors and other specific initiation factors. Once the polymerase has escaped from the promoter it enters the elongation phase during which RNA is actively polymerized, based on complementarity with the template DNA strand. Transcription termination involves the release of the RNA transcript and polymerase from the DNA (PubMed:[20413673](#), PubMed:[33335104](#), PubMed:[33558764](#), PubMed:[33558766](#), PubMed:[33674783](#), PubMed:[34675218](#)). Forms Pol III active center together with the largest subunit POLR3A/RPC1. A single-stranded DNA template strand of the promoter is positioned within the central active site cleft of Pol III. Appends one nucleotide at a time to the 3' end of the nascent RNA, with POLR3A/RPC1 contributing a Mg(2+)-coordinating DxGDG motif, and POLR3B/RPC2 participating in the coordination of a second Mg(2+) ion and providing lysine residues believed to facilitate Watson-Crick base pairing between the incoming nucleotide and template base. Typically, Mg(2+) ions direct a 5' nucleoside triphosphate to form a phosphodiester bond with the 3' hydroxyl of the preceding nucleotide of the nascent RNA, with the elimination of pyrophosphate (PubMed:[19609254](#), PubMed:[20413673](#), PubMed:[33335104](#), PubMed:[33558764](#), PubMed:[33674783](#), PubMed:[34675218](#)). Pol III plays a key role in sensing and limiting infection by intracellular bacteria and DNA viruses. Acts as a nuclear and cytosolic DNA sensor involved in innate immune response. Can sense non-self dsDNA that serves as template for transcription into dsRNA. The non-self RNA polymerase III transcripts, such as Epstein-Barr virus-encoded RNAs (EBERs) induce type I interferon and NF-kappa-B through the RIG-I pathway.

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Cytoplasm, cytosol

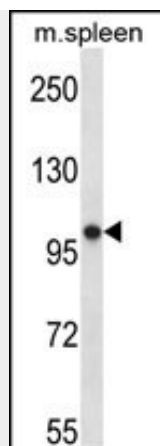
#### **POLR3B Antibody (N-term) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

#### **POLR3B Antibody (N-term) - Images**





POLR3B Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP13819a) western blot analysis in mouse spleen tissue lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the POLR3B antibody detected the POLR3B protein (arrow).

#### **POLR3B Antibody (N-term) - Background**

DNA-dependent RNA polymerase catalyzes the transcription of DNA into RNA using the four ribonucleoside triphosphates as substrates. Second largest core component of RNA polymerase III which synthesizes small RNAs, such as 5S rRNA and tRNAs. Proposed to contribute to the polymerase catalytic activity and forms the polymerase active center together with the largest subunit. Pol III is composed of mobile elements and RPC2 is part of the core element with the central large cleft and probably a clamp element that moves to open and close the cleft (By similarity). Plays a key role in sensing and limiting infection by intracellular bacteria and DNA viruses. Acts as nuclear and cytosolic DNA sensor involved in innate immune response. Can sense non-self dsDNA that serves as template for transcription into dsRNA. The non-self RNA polymerase III transcripts, such as Epstein-Barr virus-encoded RNAs (EBERs) induce type I interferon and NF-Kappa-B through the RIG-I pathway.

#### **POLR3B Antibody (N-term) - References**

Rose, J.E., et al. Mol. Med. 16 (7-8), 247-253 (2010) :  
Ablasser, A., et al. Nat. Immunol. 10(10):1065-1072(2009)  
Shen, E., et al. Exp. Cell Res. 315(7):1100-1116(2009)  
Yee, N.S., et al. PLoS Biol. 5 (11), E312 (2007) :  
Seshadri, S., et al. BMC Med. Genet. 8 SUPPL 1, S15 (2007) :