

MYOG Antibody (N-term)
Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP13822a**Specification**

MYOG Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	P15173
Other Accession	NP_002470.2
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	25037
Antigen Region	30-58

MYOG Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 4656**Other Names**

Myogenin, Class C basic helix-loop-helix protein 3, bHLHc3, Myogenic factor 4, Myf-4, MYOG, BHLHC3, MYF4

Target/Specificity

This MYOG antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 30-58 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human MYOG.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

MYOG Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

MYOG Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information**Name** MYOG

Synonyms BHLHC3, MYF4

Function Acts as a transcriptional activator that promotes transcription of muscle-specific target genes and plays a role in muscle differentiation, cell cycle exit and muscle atrophy. Essential for the development of functional embryonic skeletal fiber muscle differentiation. However is dispensable for postnatal skeletal muscle growth; phosphorylation by CAMK2G inhibits its transcriptional activity in response to muscle activity. Required for the recruitment of the FACT complex to muscle-specific promoter regions, thus promoting gene expression initiation. During terminal myoblast differentiation, plays a role as a strong activator of transcription at loci with an open chromatin structure previously initiated by MYOD1. Together with MYF5 and MYOD1, co-occupies muscle-specific gene promoter core regions during myogenesis. Also cooperates with myocyte-specific enhancer factor MEF2D and BRG1-dependent recruitment of SWI/SNF chromatin-remodeling enzymes to alter chromatin structure at myogenic late gene promoters. Facilitates cell cycle exit during terminal muscle differentiation through the up-regulation of miR-20a expression, which in turn represses genes involved in cell cycle progression. Binds to the E-box containing (E1) promoter region of the miR-20a gene. Also plays a role in preventing reversal of muscle cell differentiation. Contributes to the atrophy-related gene expression in adult denervated muscles. Induces fibroblasts to differentiate into myoblasts (By similarity).

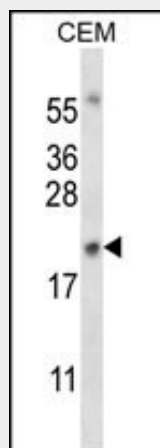
Cellular Location

Nucleus. Note=Recruited to late myogenic gene promoter regulatory sequences with SMARCA4/BRG1/BAF190A and SWI/SNF chromatin-remodeling enzymes to promote chromatin-remodeling and transcription initiation in developing embryos.

MYOG Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

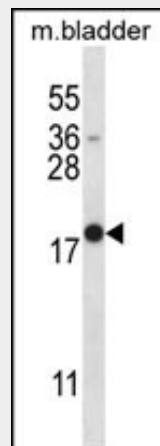
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

MYOG Antibody (N-term) - Images

MYOG Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP13822a) western blot analysis in CEM cell line lysates

(35ug/lane). This demonstrates the MYOG antibody detected the MYOG protein (arrow).



MYOG Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP13822a) western blot analysis in mouse bladder tissue lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the MYOG antibody detected the MYOG protein (arrow).

MYOG Antibody (N-term) - Background

Myogenin is a muscle-specific transcription factor that can induce myogenesis in a variety of cell types in tissue culture. It is a member of a large family of proteins related by sequence homology, the helix-loop-helix (HLH) proteins. It is essential for the development of functional skeletal muscle. [provided by RefSeq].

MYOG Antibody (N-term) - References

Gao, X., et al. J. Cell. Biochem. 110(1):162-170(2010)
Yerges, L.M., et al. J. Bone Miner. Res. 24(12):2039-2049(2009)
Ramamoorthy, S., et al. Am. J. Physiol. Endocrinol. Metab. 297 (2), E392-E401 (2009) :
Nanni, P., et al. Mol. Cancer Ther. 8(4):754-761(2009)
Gong, C., et al. Genes Dev. 23(1):54-66(2009)