

NFATC1 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP13900b

Specification

NFATC1 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application IHC-P, WB,E Primary Accession 095644

Other Accession NP 765977.1, NP 765978.1, NP 765975.1,

NP_006153.2

Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Polyclonal
Isotype
Calculated MW
Antigen Region
Reactivity
Human
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit IgG
Rabbit IgG
898-927

NFATC1 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 4772

Other Names

Nuclear factor of activated T-cells, cytoplasmic 1, NF-ATc1, NFATc1, NFAT transcription complex cytosolic component, NF-ATc, NFATc, NFATC1, NFATC1, NFATC

Target/Specificity

This NFATC1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 898-927 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human NFATC1.

Dilution

IHC-P~~1:10~50 WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

NFATC1 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

NFATC1 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information



Name NFATC1

Synonyms NFAT2, NFATC

Function Plays a role in the inducible expression of cytokine genes in T-cells, especially in the induction of the IL-2 or IL-4 gene transcription. Also controls gene expression in embryonic cardiac cells. Could regulate not only the activation and proliferation but also the differentiation and programmed death of T-lymphocytes as well as lymphoid and non-lymphoid cells (PubMed:10358178). Required for osteoclastogenesis and regulates many genes important for osteoclast differentiation and function (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Cytoplasmic for the phosphorylated form and nuclear after activation that is controlled by calcineurin- mediated dephosphorylation. Rapid nuclear exit of NFATC is thought to be one mechanism by which cells distinguish between sustained and transient calcium signals. Translocation to the nucleus is increased in the presence of calcium in pre-osteoblasts (By similarity). The subcellular localization of NFATC plays a key role in the regulation of gene transcription (PubMed:16511445). Nuclear translocation of NFATC1 is enhanced in the presence of TNFSF11. Nuclear translocation is decreased in the presence of FBN1 which can bind and sequester TNFSF11 (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:088942, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16511445}

Tissue Location

Expressed in thymus, peripheral leukocytes as T- cells and spleen. Isoforms A are preferentially expressed in effector T-cells (thymus and peripheral leukocytes) whereas isoforms B and isoforms C are preferentially expressed in naive T-cells (spleen) Isoforms B are expressed in naive T-cells after first antigen exposure and isoforms A are expressed in effector T-cells after second antigen exposure. Isoforms IA are widely expressed but not detected in liver nor pancreas, neural expression is strongest in corpus callosum Isoforms IB are expressed mostly in muscle, cerebellum, placenta and thymus, neural expression in fetal and adult brain, strongest in corpus callosum.

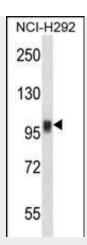
NFATC1 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

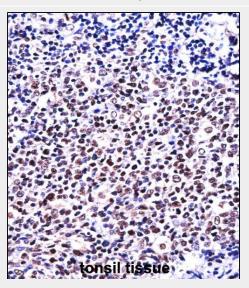
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

NFATC1 Antibody (C-term) - Images





NFATC1 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP13900b) western blot analysis in NCI-H292 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the NFATC1 antibody detected the NFATC1 protein (arrow).



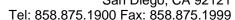
NFATC1 Antibody (C-term) (AP13900b)immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human tonsil tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of NFATC1 Antibody (C-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

NFATC1 Antibody (C-term) - Background

The product of this gene is a component of the nuclear factor of activated T cells DNA-binding transcription complex. This complex consists of at least two components: a preexisting cytosolic component that translocates to the nucleus upon T cell receptor (TCR) stimulation, and an inducible nuclear component. Proteins belonging to this family of transcription factors play a central role in inducible gene transcription during immune response. The product of this gene is an inducible nuclear component. It functions as a major molecular target for the immunosuppressive drugs such as cyclosporin A. Five transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been identified for this gene. Different isoforms of this protein may regulate inducible expression of different cytokine genes.

NFATC1 Antibody (C-term) - References







Liu, Y.J., et al. Obesity (Silver Spring) 18(12):2339-2346(2010) Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care 33(10):2250-2253(2010) Chen, C., et al. Biocell 34(2):57-63(2010) Davila, S., et al. Genes Immun. 11(3):232-238(2010) Amaral, F.R., et al. J. Oral Pathol. Med. 39(3):269-274(2010)

NFATC1 Antibody (C-term) - Citations

- <u>Up-regulated expression of CD147 gene in malignant bone tumor and the possible induction</u> mechanism during osteoclast formation.
- Effects of secreted frizzled-related protein 1 on proliferation, migration, invasion, and apoptosis of colorectal cancer cells.