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ZAP70 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP14146A

Specification

ZAP70 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application	**WB, IHC-P,E**
Primary Accession	P43403
Other Accession	P43404, NP_997402.1, NP_001070.2
Reactivity	**Human**
Predicted	**Mouse**
Host	**Rabbit**
Clonality	**Polyclonal**
Isotype	**Rabbit IgG**
Calculated MW	**69872**
Antigen Region	**103-130**

ZAP70 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 7535

Other Names
Tyrosine-protein kinase ZAP-70, 70 kDa zeta-chain associated protein, Syk-related tyrosine kinase, ZAP70, SRK

Target/Specificity
This ZAP70 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 103-130 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human ZAP70.

Dilution
WB~~1:1000
IHC-P~~1:10~50
E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions
ZAP70 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ZAP70 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name ZAP70

Synonyms SRK

Function Tyrosine kinase that plays an essential role in regulation of the adaptive immune response. Regulates motility, adhesion and cytokine expression of mature T-cells, as well as thymocyte development. Also contributes to the development and activation of primary B-lymphocytes. When antigen presenting cells (APC) activate T-cell receptor (TCR), a serie of phosphorylations lead to the recruitment of ZAP70 to the doubly phosphorylated TCR component CD247/CD3Z through ITAM motif at the plasma membrane. This recruitment serves to localization to the stimulated TCR and to relieve its autoinhibited conformation. Release of ZAP70 active conformation is further stabilized by phosphorylation mediated by LCK. Subsequently, ZAP70 phosphorylates at least 2 essential adapter proteins: LAT and LCP2. In turn, a large number of signaling molecules are recruited and ultimately lead to lymphokine production, T-cell proliferation and differentiation. Furthermore, ZAP70 controls cytoskeleton modifications, adhesion and mobility of T- lymphocytes, thus ensuring correct delivery of effectors to the APC. ZAP70 is also required for TCR-CD247/CD3Z internalization and degradation through interaction with the E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase CBL and adapter proteins SLA and SLA2. Thus, ZAP70 regulates both T- cell activation switch on and switch off by modulating TCR expression at the T-cell surface. During thymocyte development, ZAP70 promotes survival and cell-cycle progression of developing thymocytes before positive selection (when cells are still CD4/CD8 double negative). Additionally, ZAP70-dependent signaling pathway may also contribute to primary B-cells formation and activation through B-cell receptor (BCR).

Cellular Location
Cytoplasm. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Note=In quiescent T-lymphocytes, it is cytoplasmic. Upon TCR activation, it is recruited at the plasma membrane by interacting with CD247/CD3Z. Colocalizes together with RHOH in the immunological synapse. RHOH is required for its proper localization to the cell membrane and cytoskeleton fractions in the thymocytes (By similarity).

Tissue Location
Expressed in T- and natural killer cells. Also present in early thymocytes and pro/pre B-cells

ZAP70 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

ZAP70 Antibody (N-term) - Images

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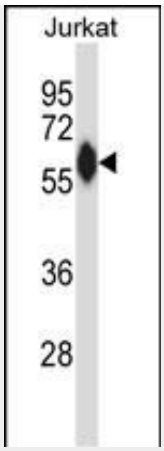
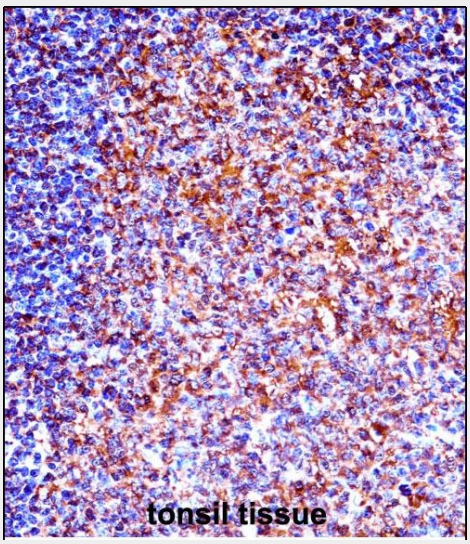


ZAP70 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP14146a) western blot analysis in Jurkat cell line lysates (35ug/lane).This demonstrates the ZAP70 antibody detected the ZAP70 protein (arrow).



ZAP70 Antibody (N-term) (AP14146a)immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human tonsil tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining.This data demonstrates the use of ZAP70 Antibody (N-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

ZAP70 Antibody (N-term) - Background

This gene encodes an enzyme belonging to the protein tyrosine kinase family, and it plays a role in T-cell development and lymphocyte activation. This enzyme, which is phosphorylated on tyrosine residues upon T-cell antigen receptor (TCR) stimulation, functions in the initial step of TCR-mediated signal transduction in combination with the Src family kinases, Lck and Fyn. This enzyme is also essential for thymocyte development. Mutations in this gene cause selective T-cell defect, a severe combined immunodeficiency disease characterized by a selective absence of CD8-positive T-cells. Two transcript variants that encode different isoforms have been found for this gene.

ZAP70 Antibody (N-term) - References

Zanotti, R., et al. Am. J. Hematol. 85(7):494-498(2010)

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Liu, H., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 107(22):10166-10171(2010)
Kotaskova, J., et al. J Mol Diagn 12(3):328-334(2010)
Trojani, A., et al. Cancer Biomark 6(1):1-9(2010)