

CIR Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP1417b

Specification

CIR Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	<u>Q86X95</u>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	52313
Antigen Region	396-424

CIR Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 9541

Other Names Corepressor interacting with RBPJ 1, CBF1-interacting corepressor, Recepin, CIR1, CIR

Target/Specificity

This CIR antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 396-424 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human CIR.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

CIR Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CIR Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name CIR1

Synonyms CIR



Function May modulate splice site selection during alternative splicing of pre-mRNAs (By similarity). Regulates transcription and acts as corepressor for RBPJ. Recruits RBPJ to the Sin3-histone deacetylase complex (HDAC). Required for RBPJ-mediated repression of transcription.

Cellular Location

Nucleus speckle. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Note=Colocalizes with NEK6 in the centrosome

Tissue Location

Highly expressed in heart, brain, placenta, liver, skeletal muscle and pancreas.

CIR Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>
- CIR Antibody (C-term) Images



Western blot analysis of lysate from human placenta tissue lysate, using CIR Antibody (C-term)(Cat. #AP1417b). AP1417b was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysate at 35ug.

CIR Antibody (C-term) - Background

CIR may modulate splice site selection during alternative splicing of pre-mRNAs. It regulates transcription and acts as corepressor for RBPSUH. It recruits RBPSUH to the Sin3-histone deacetylase complex (HDAC), and is required for RBPSUH-mediated repression of transcription.

CIR Antibody (C-term) - References



Olsen, J.V., Cell 127 (3), 635-648 (2006) Maita, H., Exp. Cell Res. 303 (2), 375-387 (2005) Zhou, S., Mol. Cell. Biol. 21 (18), 6222-6232 (2001)