

#### **PSMD1** Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP14601a

## **Specification**

#### PSMD1 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession Q99460

Other Accession <u>088761</u>, <u>Q3TXS7</u>, <u>NP\_002798.2</u>,

NP 001177966.1

Reactivity
Predicted
Host
Clonality
Isotype
Calculated MW
Antigen Region

Human
Mouse, Rat
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit IgG
105836
104-132

# PSMD1 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

#### **Gene ID 5707**

#### **Other Names**

26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 1, 26S proteasome regulatory subunit RPN2, 26S proteasome regulatory subunit S1, 26S proteasome subunit p112, PSMD1

## Target/Specificity

This PSMD1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 104-132 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human PSMD1.

# **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

### **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

## **Storage**

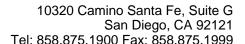
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

PSMD1 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## PSMD1 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

# Name PSMD1





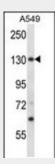
**Function** Component of the 26S proteasome, a multiprotein complex involved in the ATP-dependent degradation of ubiquitinated proteins. This complex plays a key role in the maintenance of protein homeostasis by removing misfolded or damaged proteins, which could impair cellular functions, and by removing proteins whose functions are no longer required. Therefore, the proteasome participates in numerous cellular processes, including cell cycle progression, apoptosis, or DNA damage repair.

# PSMD1 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

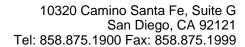
# PSMD1 Antibody (N-term) - Images



PSMD1 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP14601a) western blot analysis in A549 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the PSMD1 antibody detected the PSMD1 protein (arrow).

## PSMD1 Antibody (N-term) - Background

The 26S proteasome is a multicatalytic proteinase complex with a highly ordered structure composed of 2 complexes, a 20S core and a 19S regulator. The 20S core is composed of 4 rings of 28 non-identical subunits; 2 rings are composed of 7 alpha subunits and 2 rings are composed of 7 beta subunits. The 19S regulator is composed of a base, which contains 6 ATPase subunits and 2 non-ATPase subunits, and a lid, which contains up to 10 non-ATPase subunits. Proteasomes are distributed throughout eukaryotic cells at a high concentration and cleave peptides in an ATP/ubiquitin-dependent process in a non-lysosomal pathway. An essential function of a modified proteasome, the immunoproteasome, is the processing of class I MHC peptides. This gene encodes the largest non-ATPase subunit of the 19S regulator lid, which is responsible for substrate recognition and binding. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene.[provided by RefSeq].





# PSMD1 Antibody (N-term) - References

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