

Connexin 43 Antibody (N-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP1541b

Specification

Connexin 43 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession P17302

Other Accession
Reactivity
Predicted

P16863, P18246
Human, Mouse, Rat
Bovine, Xenopus

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Antigen Region 107-138

Connexin 43 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 2697

Other Names

Gap junction alpha-1 protein, Connexin-43, Cx43, Gap junction 43 kDa heart protein, GJA1, GJAL

Target/Specificity

This Connexin 43 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 107-138 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human Connexin 43.

Dilution

WB~~1:2000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein G column, followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Connexin 43 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Connexin 43 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name GJA1

Synonyms GJAL



Function Gap junction protein that acts as a regulator of bladder capacity. A gap junction consists of a cluster of closely packed pairs of transmembrane channels, the connexons, through which materials of low MW diffuse from one cell to a neighboring cell. May play a critical role in the physiology of hearing by participating in the recycling of potassium to the cochlear endolymph. Negative regulator of bladder functional capacity: acts by enhancing intercellular electrical and chemical transmission, thus sensitizing bladder muscles to cholinergic neural stimuli and causing them to contract (By similarity). May play a role in cell growth inhibition through the regulation of NOV expression and localization. Plays an essential role in gap junction communication in the ventricles (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell junction, gap junction. Endoplasmic reticulum {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P23242}. Note=Localizes at the intercalated disk (ICD) in cardiomyocytes and the proper localization at ICD is dependent on TMEM65. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P23242}

Tissue Location

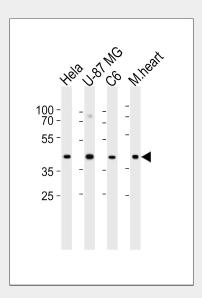
Expressed at intercalated disks in the heart (at protein level) (PubMed:11741837, PubMed:18662195). Expressed in the fetal cochlea (PubMed:11741837).

Connexin 43 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cvtometv
- Cell Culture

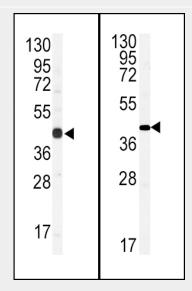
Connexin 43 Antibody (N-term) - Images



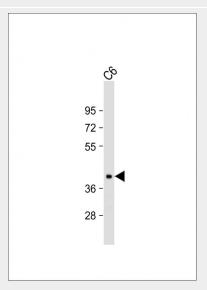
Western blot analysis of lysates from Hela, U-87 MG, C6 cell line and mouse heart tissue lysate (from left to right), using GJA1 Antibody (N121)(Cat. #AP1541b). AP1541b was diluted at 1:1000



at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysates at 35ug per lane.

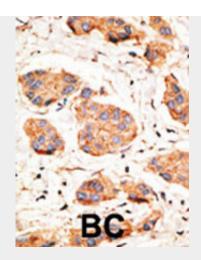


(LEFT)Western blot analysis of anti-GJA1 Antibody (N-term)(Cat.#AP1541b) in CEM cell line lysates (35ug/lane). GJA1(arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.(RIGHT)Western blot analysis of hGJA1-N121.Connexin (Cat.#AP1541b) in mouse brain tissue lysates (35ug/lane).GJA1 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



Anti-GJA1 Antibody (N121) at 1:2000 dilution + C6 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 μ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 43 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.





Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma.

Connexin 43 Antibody (N-term) - Background

Gap junction protein, alpha 1 is a member of the connexin gene family and a component of gap junctions. Gap junctions are composed of arrays of intercellular channels and provide a route for the diffusion of materials of low molecular weight from cell to cell. Connexin 43 is the major protein of gap junctions in the heart, and gap junctions are thought to have a crucial role in the synchronized contraction of the heart and in embryonic development. Connexin 43 is targeted by several protein kinases that regulate myocardial cell-cell coupling. A related intron-less connexin 43 pseudogene, GJA1P, has been mapped to chromosome 5.

Connexin 43 Antibody (N-term) - References

Spinella, F., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 278(42):41294-41301 (2003). Contreras, J.E., et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 100(20):11388-11393 (2003). Qin, H., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 278(32):30005-30014 (2003). Cameron, S.J., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 278(20):18682-18688 (2003). Ma, X.D., et al., World J. Gastroenterol. 9(5):946-950 (2003).

Connexin 43 Antibody (N-term) - Citations

- A Systematic Study of the Mechanism of Acacetin Against Sepsis Based on Network Pharmacology and Experimental Validation
- Calcium-calmodulin gating of a pH-insensitive isoform of connexin43 gap junctions.
- The SH3-binding domain of Cx43 participates in loop/tail interactions critical for Cx43-hemichannel activity.
- The C-terminal domain of connexin43 modulates cartilage structure via chondrocyte phenotypic changes.
- Connexin 43 controls the multipolar phase of neuronal migration to the cerebral cortex.
- Intramolecular loop/tail interactions are essential for connexin 43-hemichannel activity.
- Knockdown of microRNA-181 by lentivirus mediated siRNA expression vector decreases the arrhythmogenic effect of skeletal myoblast transplantation in rat with myocardial infarction.
- Involvement of the cytoplasmic C-terminal domain of connexin43 in neuronal migration.