

ZBTB8B Antibody (C-term)
Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP16258b**Specification**

ZBTB8B Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	Q8NAP8
Other Accession	NP_001139192.1
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	54175
Antigen Region	450-478

ZBTB8B Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 728116**Other Names**

Zinc finger and BTB domain-containing protein 8B, ZBTB8B

Target/Specificity

This ZBTB8B antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 450-478 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human ZBTB8B.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

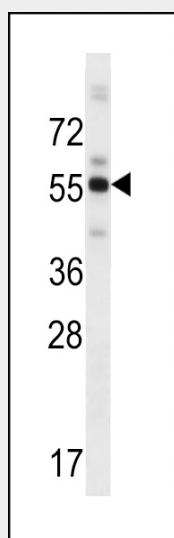
ZBTB8B Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ZBTB8B Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information**Name** ZBTB8B**Function** May be involved in transcriptional regulation.

Cellular Location
Nucleus.**ZBTB8B Antibody (C-term) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

ZBTB8B Antibody (C-term) - Images

ZBTB8B Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP16258b) western blot analysis in human placenta tissue lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the ZBTB8B antibody detected the ZBTB8B protein (arrow).

ZBTB8B Antibody (C-term) - Background

ZBTB8B may be involved in transcriptional regulation.

ZBTB8B Antibody (C-term) - References

Gregory, S.G., et al. Nature 441(7091):315-321(2006)