

BFAR Antibody (N-term)
Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP16718a**Specification**

BFAR Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	O9NZS9
Other Accession	NP_057645.1
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	52738
Antigen Region	1-30

BFAR Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 51283**Other Names**

Bifunctional apoptosis regulator, RING finger protein 47, BFAR, BAR, RNF47

Target/Specificity

This BFAR antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1-30 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human BFAR.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

BFAR Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

BFAR Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information**Name** BFAR**Synonyms** BAR, RNF47

Function Membrane-bound E3 ubiquitin ligase that plays a role in several processes including apoptosis regulation or reticulum endoplasmic stress (PubMed:[14502241](#), PubMed:[21068390](#)). Has anti- apoptotic activity, both for apoptosis triggered via death-receptors and via mitochondrial factors (PubMed:[14502241](#)). Contributes to the dynamic control of IRE1/ERN1 signaling during ER stress by inducing BAX inhibitor 1/TMBIM6 proteasomal degradation (PubMed:[21068390](#)). Promotes the activation of TGF-beta signaling by mediating the 'Lys-63'-linked ubiquitination of TGFBR1 which is critical to activate the pathway (PubMed:[33914044](#)). Together with NGFR, negatively regulates NF-kappa-B and JNK-related signaling pathways (PubMed:[22566094](#)). Promotes the proteasome-mediated degradation of PNPLA3, a protein involved in lipid metabolism (PubMed:[38294943](#)).

Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

Tissue Location

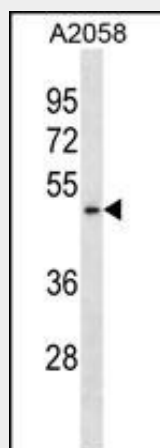
Expressed highly in brain, moderately in small intestine, weakly in testes and only faintly in liver and skeletal muscle. Not expressed in heart, kidney, lung and spleen

BFAR Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

BFAR Antibody (N-term) - Images



BFAR Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP16718a) western blot analysis in A2058 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the BFAR antibody detected the BFAR protein (arrow).

BFAR Antibody (N-term) - Background

BFAR is a apoptosis regulator. Has anti-apoptotic activity, both for apoptosis triggered via death-receptors and via mitochondrial factors.

BFAR Antibody (N-term) - References

Liu, X., et al. Retina (Philadelphia, Pa.) (2010) In press :
Chua, C.C., et al. Cardiovasc. Res. 81(1):20-27(2009)
Roth, W., et al. Cell Death Differ. 10(10):1178-1187(2003)
Zhang, H., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 97(6):2597-2602(2000)