

MARCKSL1 Antibody (C-term)
Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP16792b**Specification**

MARCKSL1 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	P49006
Other Accession	Q9EPH2 , P35566 , P28667 , Q0VBZ9 , NP_075385.1
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Bovine, Mouse, Rabbit, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	19529
Antigen Region	132-160

MARCKSL1 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 65108**Other Names**

MARCKS-related protein, MARCKS-like protein 1, Macrophage myristoylated alanine-rich C kinase substrate, Mac-MARCKS, MacMARCKS, MARCKSL1, MLP, MRP

Target/Specificity

This MARCKSL1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 132-160 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human MARCKSL1.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

MARCKSL1 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

MARCKSL1 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information**Name** MARCKSL1

Synonyms MLP, MRP

Function Controls cell movement by regulating actin cytoskeleton homeostasis and filopodium and lamellipodium formation (PubMed:[22751924](#)). When unphosphorylated, induces cell migration (By similarity). When phosphorylated by MAPK8, induces actin bundles formation and stabilization, thereby reducing actin plasticity, hence restricting cell movement, including neuronal migration (By similarity). May be involved in coupling the protein kinase C and calmodulin signal transduction systems (By similarity).

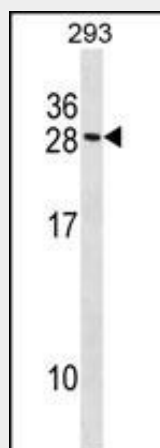
Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P28667}. Cell membrane; Lipid- anchor. Note=Associates with the membrane via the insertion of the N-terminal N-myristoyl chain and the partial insertion of the effector domain. Association of the effector domain with membranes may be regulated by Ca(2+)/calmodulin. Colocalizes with F-actin at the leading edge of migrating cells (By similarity). In prostate cancers, shows strong expression at apical and/or basal regions of the cell and also has weak cytoplasmic expression (PubMed:22751924). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P28667, ECO:0000269|PubMed:22751924}

MARCKSL1 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

MARCKSL1 Antibody (C-term) - Images

MARCKSL1 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP16792b) western blot analysis in 293 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the MARCKSL1 antibody detected the MARCKSL1 protein (arrow).

MARCKSL1 Antibody (C-term) - Background

MARCKSL1 may be involved in coupling the protein kinase C and calmodulin signal transduction systems.

MARCKSL1 Antibody (C-term) - References

Sugiyama, N., et al. Mol. Cell Proteomics 6(6):1103-1109(2007)
Olsen, J.V., et al. Cell 127(3):635-648(2006)
Jordanova, A., et al. Nat. Genet. 38(2):197-202(2006)
Ballif, B.A., et al. Mol. Cell Proteomics 3(11):1093-1101(2004)
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