

NMBR Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP16812a

Specification

NMBR Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E **Primary Accession** P28336 Other Accession NP 002502.2 Reactivity Human Host **Rabbit** Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype Rabbit IgG Calculated MW 43435 Antigen Region 1-30

NMBR Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 4829

Other Names

Neuromedin-B receptor, NMB-R, Epididymis tissue protein Li 185a, Neuromedin-B-preferring bombesin receptor, NMBR

Target/Specificity

This NMBR antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1-30 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human NMBR.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

NMBR Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

NMBR Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name NMBR



Function Receptor for neuromedin-B (PubMed:<u>1655761</u>). Contributes to the maintenance of basal sigh rate through signaling in the pre-Botzinger complex, a cluster of several thousand neurons in

sigh rate through signaling in the pre- Botzinger complex, a cluster of several thousand neurons in the ventrolateral medulla responsible for inspiration during respiratory activity (By similarity). Contributes to the induction of sneezing following exposure to chemical irritants or allergens which causes release of NMB by nasal sensory neurons and activation of NMBR- expressing neurons in the sneeze-evoking region of the brainstem (By similarity). These in turn activate neurons of the caudal ventral respiratory group, giving rise to the sneezing response (By similarity). Contributes to induction of acute itch, possibly through its activation on dorsal root ganglion neurons by the NMB peptide (By similarity). Plays a role in the innate immune response to influenza A virus infection by enhancing interferon alpha expression and reducing expression of IL6 (PubMed:31601264). Plays a role in CSF1-induced proliferation of osteoclast precursors by contributing to the positive regulation of the expression of the CSF1 receptor CSF1R (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

Tissue Location

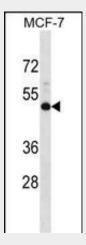
Expressed in epididymis (at protein level).

NMBR Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

NMBR Antibody (N-term) - Images



NMBR Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP16812a) western blot analysis in MCF-7 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the NMBR antibody detected the NMBR protein (arrow).

NMBR Antibody (N-term) - Background

Neuromedin B receptor binds neuromedin B, a potent mitogen



and growth factor for normal and neoplastic lung and for gastrointestinal epithelial tissue.

NMBR Antibody (N-term) - References

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Dowal, L., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 281(33):23999-24014(2006)

Matusiak, D., et al. Am. J. Physiol. Gastrointest. Liver Physiol. 288 (4), G718-G728 (2005): Lee, S., et al. FEBS Lett. 460(2):263-269(1999)

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