

### KCNJ15 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP17113B

### Specification

# KCNJ15 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW Antigen Region WB,E <u>O99712</u> <u>NP\_733932.1</u>, <u>NP\_002234.2</u> Human Rabbit Polyclonal Rabbit IgG 42577 339-367

# KCNJ15 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

### Gene ID 3772

#### **Other Names**

ATP-sensitive inward rectifier potassium channel 15, Inward rectifier K(+) channel Kir13, Inward rectifier K(+) channel Kir42, Potassium channel, inwardly rectifying subfamily J member 15, KCNJ15, KCNJ14

#### Target/Specificity

This KCNJ15 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 339-367 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human KCNJ15.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

KCNJ15 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# KCNJ15 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

### Name KCNJ15



# Synonyms KCNJ14

**Function** Inward rectifier potassium channels are characterized by a greater tendency to allow potassium to flow into the cell rather than out of it. Their voltage dependence is regulated by the concentration of extracellular potassium; as external potassium is raised, the voltage range of the channel opening shifts to more positive voltages. The inward rectification is mainly due to the blockage of outward current by internal magnesium.

#### **Cellular Location**

Membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q91ZF1}

## KCNJ15 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

#### KCNJ15 Antibody (C-term) - Images



KCNJ15 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP17113b) western blot analysis in MDA-MB231 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the KCNJ15 antibody detected the KCNJ15 protein (arrow).





Anti-KCNJ15 Antibody (C-term) at 1:1000 dilution + human kidney lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 43 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

# KCNJ15 Antibody (C-term) - Background

Potassium channels are present in most mammalian cells, where they participate in a wide range of physiologic responses. The protein encoded by this gene is an integral membrane protein and inward-rectifier type potassium channel. The encoded protein has a greater tendency to allow potassium to flow into a cell rather than out of a cell. Three transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene.

# KCNJ15 Antibody (C-term) - References

Okamoto, K., et al. Am. J. Hum. Genet. 86(1):54-64(2010) Sindic, A., et al. Am. J. Physiol. Renal Physiol. 297 (1), F36-F45 (2009) : Ji, W., et al. Nat. Genet. 40(5):592-599(2008) Huang, C., et al. Am. J. Physiol. Renal Physiol. 292 (3), F1073-F1081 (2007) : Kubo, Y., et al. Pharmacol. Rev. 57(4):509-526(2005)