

USP10 Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP17199c

Specification

USP10 Antibody (Center) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession Q14694

Other Accession <u>Q3KR59</u>, <u>P52479</u>, <u>Q5ZJN4</u>, <u>A5PJS6</u>, <u>Q7ZXR7</u>,

O2NL57, NP 005144.2

Reactivity Human

Predicted Xenopus, Bovine, Chicken, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW 87134
Antigen Region 500-529

USP10 Antibody (Center) - Additional Information

Gene ID 9100

Other Names

Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 10, Deubiquitinating enzyme 10, Ubiquitin thioesterase 10, Ubiquitin-specific-processing protease 10, USP10, KIAA0190

Target/Specificity

This USP10 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 500-529 amino acids from the Central region of human USP10.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

USP10 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

USP10 Antibody (Center) - Protein Information



Name USP10 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:11439350, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:12608}

Function Hydrolase that can remove conjugated ubiquitin from target proteins such as p53/TP53, RPS2/us5, RPS3/us3, RPS10/eS10, BECN1, SNX3 and CFTR (PubMed:11439350, PubMed:18632802, PubMed: 31981475). Acts as an essential regulator of p53/TP53 stability: in unstressed cells, specifically deubiquitinates p53/TP53 in the cytoplasm, leading to counteract MDM2 action and stabilize p53/TP53 (PubMed: 20096447). Following DNA damage, translocates to the nucleus and deubiquitinates p53/TP53, leading to regulate the p53/TP53-dependent DNA damage response (PubMed: 20096447). Component of a regulatory loop that controls autophagy and p53/TP53 levels: mediates deubiquitination of BECN1, a key regulator of autophagy, leading to stabilize the PIK3C3/VPS34-containing complexes (PubMed:21962518). In turn, PIK3C3/VPS34-containing complexes regulate USP10 stability, suggesting the existence of a regulatory system by which PIK3C3/VPS34-containing complexes regulate p53/TP53 protein levels via USP10 and USP13 (PubMed: 21962518). Does not deubiquitinate MDM2 (PubMed: 20096447). Plays a key role in 40S ribosome subunit recycling when a ribosome has stalled during translation: acts both by inhibiting formation of stress granules, which store stalled translation pre-initiation complexes, and mediating deubiquitination of 40S ribosome subunits (PubMed: 27022092, PubMed: 31981475, PubMed: 34348161, PubMed: 34469731). Acts as a negative regulator of stress granules formation by lowering G3BP1 and G3BP2 valence, thereby preventing G3BP1 and G3BP2 ability to undergo liquid- liquid phase separation (LLPS) and assembly of stress granules (PubMed: 11439350, PubMed: 27022092, PubMed: 32302570). Promotes 40S ribosome subunit recycling following ribosome dissociation in response to ribosome stalling by mediating deubiquitination of 40S ribosomal proteins RPS2/us5, RPS3/us3 and RPS10/eS10, thereby preventing their degradation by the proteasome (PubMed:31981475, PubMed:34348161, PubMed:34469731). Part of a ribosome quality control that takes place when ribosomes have stalled during translation initiation (iRQC): USP10 acts by removing monoubiquitination of RPS2/us5 and RPS3/us3, promoting 40S ribosomal subunit recycling (PubMed: 34469731). Deubiquitinates CFTR in early endosomes, enhancing its endocytic recycling (PubMed: 19398555). Involved in a TANK-dependent negative feedback response to attenuate NF-kappa-B activation via deubiquitinating IKBKG or TRAF6 in response to interleukin-1-beta (IL1B) stimulation or upon DNA damage (PubMed: 25861989). Deubiquitinates TBX21 leading to its stabilization (PubMed: 24845384). Plays a negative role in the RLR signaling pathway upon RNA virus infection by blocking the RIGI- mediated MAVS activation. Mechanistically, removes the unanchored 'Lys- 63'-linked polyubiquitin chains of MAVS to inhibit its aggregation, essential for its activation (PubMed: 37582970).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Early endosome. Note=Cytoplasmic in normal conditions (PubMed:20096447). After DNA damage, translocates to the nucleus following phosphorylation by ATM (PubMed:20096447)

Tissue Location Widely expressed..

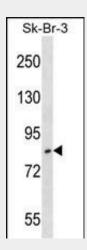
USP10 Antibody (Center) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture



USP10 Antibody (Center) - Images



USP10 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP17199c) western blot analysis in SK-BR-3 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the USP10 antibody detected the USP10 protein (arrow).

USP10 Antibody (Center) - Background

Ubiquitin is a highly conserved protein that is covalently linked to other proteins to regulate their function and degradation. This gene encodes a member of the ubiquitin-specific protease family of cysteine proteases. The enzyme specifically cleaves ubiquitin from ubiquitin-conjugated protein substrates. The protein is found in the nucleus and cytoplasm. It functions as a co-factor of the DNA-bound androgen receptor complex, and is inhibited by a protein in the Ras-GTPase pathway. The human genome contains several pseudogenes similar to this gene. [provided by RefSeq].

USP10 Antibody (Center) - References

Rose, J.E., et al. Mol. Med. 16 (7-8), 247-253 (2010): Yuan, J., et al. Cell 140(3):384-396(2010)
Bomberger, J.M., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 284(28):18778-18789(2009)
Gudbjartsson, D.F., et al. Nat. Genet. 40(5):609-615(2008)
Olsen, J.V., et al. Cell 127(3):635-648(2006)