

DAD1 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP17433b

Specification

DAD1 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession P61803

Other Accession <u>P61805</u>, <u>Q29036</u>, <u>P61804</u>, <u>Q5E9C2</u>,

NP_001335.1

Reactivity Human

Predicted Bovine, Mouse, Pig, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW 12497
Antigen Region 64-92

DAD1 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 1603

Other Names

Dolichyl-diphosphooligosaccharide--protein glycosyltransferase subunit DAD1, Oligosaccharyl transferase subunit DAD1, Defender against cell death 1, DAD-1, DAD1

Target/Specificity

This DAD1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 64-92 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human DAD1.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at $2-8^{\circ}$ C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20° C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

DAD1 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

DAD1 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information



Name DAD1 (HGNC:2664)

Function Subunit of the oligosaccharyl transferase (OST) complex that catalyzes the initial transfer of a defined glycan (Glc(3)Man(9)GlcNAc(2) in eukaryotes) from the lipid carrier dolichol-pyrophosphate to an asparagine residue within an Asn-X-Ser/Thr consensus motif in nascent polypeptide chains, the first step in protein N-glycosylation (PubMed:22467853, PubMed:31831667). N- glycosylation occurs cotranslationally and the complex associates with the Sec61 complex at the channel-forming translocon complex that mediates protein translocation across the endoplasmic reticulum (ER). All subunits are required for a maximal enzyme activity (By similarity). Required for the assembly of both SST3A- and SS3B- containing OST complexes. Loss of the DAD1 protein triggers apoptosis (PubMed:22467853).

Cellular Location

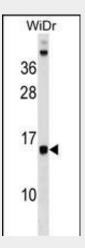
Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

DAD1 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

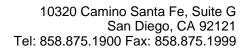
DAD1 Antibody (C-term) - Images



DAD1 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP17433b) western blot analysis in WiDr cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the DAD1 antibody detected the DAD1 protein (arrow).

DAD1 Antibody (C-term) - Background

DAD1, the defender against apoptotic cell death, was initially identified as a negative regulator of programmed cell death in the temperature sensitive tsBN7 cell line. The DAD1 protein disappeared in temperature-sensitive cells following a shift to the nonpermissive temperature, suggesting that loss of the





DAD1 protein triggered apoptosis. DAD1 is believed to be a tightly associated subunit of oligosaccharyltransferase both in the intact membrane and in the purified enzyme, thus reflecting the essential nature of N-linked glycosylation in eukaryotes. [provided by RefSeq].

DAD1 Antibody (C-term) - References

Shimada, M., et al. Hum. Genet. 128(4):433-441(2010) Liu, C.Y., et al. Carcinogenesis 31(7):1259-1263(2010) Rose, J.E., et al. Mol. Med. 16 (7-8), 247-253 (2010) : Kulke, M.H., et al. Genes Chromosomes Cancer 47(7):591-603(2008) Shibatani, T., et al. Biochemistry 44(16):5982-5992(2005)