

### MRPS2 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP17471a

## **Specification**

## MRPS2 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application WB.E **Primary Accession** O9Y399 Other Accession NP 057118.1 Reactivity Human Host **Rabbit** Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype Rabbit IgG Calculated MW 33249 Antigen Region 44-71

## MRPS2 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

#### **Gene ID 51116**

#### **Other Names**

28S ribosomal protein S2, mitochondrial, MRP-S2, S2mt, MRPS2

### Target/Specificity

This MRPS2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 44-71 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human MRPS2.

# Dilution

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

### **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

## **Precautions**

MRPS2 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## MRPS2 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

### Name MRPS2

Function Required for mitoribosome formation and stability, and mitochondrial translation.



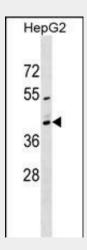
**Cellular Location** Mitochondrion.

## MRPS2 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## MRPS2 Antibody (N-term) - Images



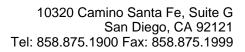
MRPS2 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP17471a) western blot analysis in HepG2 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the MRPS2 antibody detected the MRPS2 protein (arrow).

## MRPS2 Antibody (N-term) - Background

Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are encoded by nuclear genes and help in protein synthesis within the mitochondrion. Mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes) consist of a small 28S subunit and a large 39S subunit. They have an estimated 75% protein to rRNA composition compared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where this ratio is reversed. Another difference between mammalian mitoribosomes and prokaryotic ribosomes is that the latter contain a 5S rRNA. Among different species, the proteins comprising the mitoribosome differ greatly in sequence, and sometimes in biochemical properties, which prevents easy recognition by sequence homology. This gene encodes a 28S subunit protein that belongs to the ribosomal protein S2 family.

## MRPS2 Antibody (N-term) - References

Zhang, Z., et al. Genomics 81(5):468-480(2003) Kenmochi, N., et al. Genomics 77 (1-2), 65-70 (2001) :





Suzuki, T., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 276(35):33181-33195(2001) Cavdar Koc, E., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 276(22):19363-19374(2001)