

ZNF543 Antibody (N-term)
Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP17723a**Specification**

ZNF543 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	Q08ER8
Other Accession	NP_998763.2
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	68404
Antigen Region	40-67

ZNF543 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 125919**Other Names**

Zinc finger protein 543, ZNF543

Target/Specificity

This ZNF543 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 40-67 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human ZNF543.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

ZNF543 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ZNF543 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information**Name** ZNF543**Function** May be involved in transcriptional regulation.

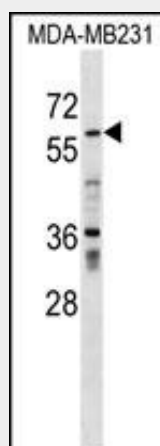
Cellular Location

Nucleus.

ZNF543 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

ZNF543 Antibody (N-term) - Images

ZNF543 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP17723a) western blot analysis in MDA-MB231 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the ZNF543 antibody detected the ZNF543 protein (arrow).

ZNF543 Antibody (N-term) - Background

ZNF543 may be involved in transcriptional regulation.

ZNF543 Antibody (N-term) - References

Kimura, K., et al. Genome Res. 16(1):55-65(2006)
Strausberg, R.L., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 99(26):16899-16903(2002)