

DCAKD Antibody (N-term)
Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP17729a**Specification**

DCAKD Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	Q8WVC6
Other Accession	Q6AY55 , Q8BHC4 , Q3ZBS0 , NP_001122103.1 , NP_079095.3
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Bovine, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	26550
Antigen Region	51-80

DCAKD Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 79877**Other Names**

Dephospho-CoA kinase domain-containing protein, DCAKD

Target/Specificity

This DCAKD antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 51-80 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human DCAKD.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

DCAKD Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

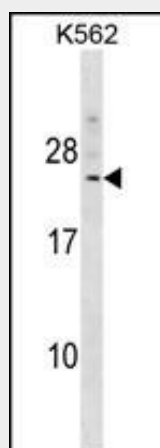
DCAKD Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information**Name** DCAKD

DCAKD Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

DCAKD Antibody (N-term) - Images



DCAKD Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP17729a) western blot analysis in K562 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the DCAKD antibody detected the DCAKD protein (arrow).

DCAKD Antibody (N-term) - Background

DCAKD belongs to the coaE family. It contains one DPCK (dephospho CoA kinase) domain. There are two isoforms.

DCAKD Antibody (N-term) - References

Rose, J. Phd, et al. Mol. Med. (2010) In press :