

SLU7 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP18404a

Specification

SLU7 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession

Reactivity Predicted

Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW Antigen Region WB,E <u>O95391</u> <u>O3KOD1</u>, <u>O80ZG5</u>, <u>Q8BHJ9</u>, <u>O4R4P2</u>, <u>O5U3F2</u>, <u>O5ZIG2</u>, <u>O3ZBE5</u>, <u>NP_006416.3</u> Human Bovine, Chicken, Zebrafish, Monkey, Mouse, Rat, Xenopus Rabbit Polyclonal Rabbit IgG 68387 60-86

SLU7 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 10569

Other Names Pre-mRNA-splicing factor SLU7, hSlu7, SLU7

Target/Specificity

This SLU7 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 60-86 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human SLU7.

Dilution WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

SLU7 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

SLU7 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information



Name SLU7

Function Required for pre-mRNA splicing as component of the spliceosome (PubMed:<u>10197984</u>, PubMed:<u>28502770</u>, PubMed:<u>30705154</u>). Participates in the second catalytic step of pre-mRNA splicing, when the free hydroxyl group of exon I attacks the 3'-splice site to generate spliced mRNA and the excised lariat intron. Required for holding exon 1 properly in the spliceosome and for correct AG identification when more than one possible AG exists in 3'-splicing site region. May be involved in the activation of proximal AG. Probably also involved in alternative splicing regulation.

Cellular Location

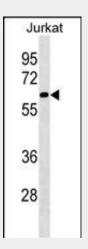
Nucleus. Nucleus speckle. Cytoplasm Note=Predominantly nuclear. Shuttling between the nucleus and the cytoplasm is regulated by the CCHC-type zinc finger. Upon UV-C stress stimulus, the nuclear concentration of the protein decreases, affecting alternative splicing. Translocates from the nucleus to the cytoplasm after heat shock cell treatment. Accumulates in cytoplasmic vesicle-like organelles after heat shock treatment, which may represent stress granules.

SLU7 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- <u>Blocking Peptides</u>
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

SLU7 Antibody (N-term) - Images



SLU7 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP18404a) western blot analysis in Jurkat cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the SLU7 Antibody detected the SLU7 protein (arrow).

SLU7 Antibody (N-term) - Background

Pre-mRNA splicing occurs in two sequential transesterification steps. The protein encoded by this gene is a splicing factor that has been found to be essential during the



second catalytic step in the pre-mRNA splicing process. It associates with the spliceosome and contains a zinc knuckle motif that is found in other splicing factors and is involved in protein-nucleic acid and protein-protein interactions. [provided by RefSeq].

SLU7 Antibody (N-term) - References

Alberstein, M., et al. RNA 13(11):1988-1999(2007) Olsen, J.V., et al. Cell 127(3):635-648(2006) Shomron, N., et al. J. Cell. Sci. 118 (PT 6), 1151-1159 (2005) : Shomron, N., et al. Mol. Biol. Cell 15(8):3782-3795(2004) Chua, K., et al. Mol. Cell. Biol. 21(5):1509-1514(2001)