

OR1I1 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP18524a

Specification

OR1I1 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession 060431

Other Accession NP 001004713.1

Reactivity
Human
Host
Clonality
Polyclonal
Isotype
Calculated MW
39297
Antigen Region
1-30

OR1I1 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 126370

Other Names

Olfactory receptor 111, Olfactory receptor 19-20, OR19-20, OR111

Target/Specificity

This OR1I1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1-30 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human OR1I1.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

OR1I1 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

OR1I1 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name OR1I1

Function Odorant receptor.



Cellular Location

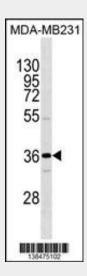
Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

OR111 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

OR1I1 Antibody (N-term) - Images



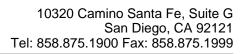
OR1I1 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP18524a) western blot analysis in MDA-MB231 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the OR1I1 antibody detected the OR1I1 protein (arrow).

OR1I1 Antibody (N-term) - Background

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms.

OR1I1 Antibody (N-term) - References

Grimwood, J., et al. Nature 428(6982):529-535(2004)





Fuchs, T., et al. Genomics 80(3):295-302(2002)