

**Mouse Mcm2 Antibody (C-term)**  
**Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP19218B**

**Specification**

---

**Mouse Mcm2 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information**

|                   |                             |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| Application       | WB,E                        |
| Primary Accession | <a href="#">P97310</a>      |
| Other Accession   | <a href="#">NP_032590.2</a> |
| Reactivity        | Mouse                       |
| Host              | Rabbit                      |
| Clonality         | Polyclonal                  |
| Isotype           | Rabbit IgG                  |
| Calculated MW     | 102078                      |
| Antigen Region    | 713-742                     |

**Mouse Mcm2 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 17216

**Other Names**

DNA replication licensing factor MCM2, Minichromosome maintenance protein 2 homolog, Nuclear protein BM28, Mcm2, Bm28, Cdc11, Kiaa0030, Mcmd2

**Target/Specificity**

This Mouse Mcm2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 713-742 amino acids from the C-terminal region of mouse Mcm2.

**Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

Mouse Mcm2 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**Mouse Mcm2 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information**

**Name** Mcm2

**Synonyms** Bm28, Cdcl1, Kiaa0030, Mcmd2

**Function** Acts as a component of the MCM2-7 complex (MCM complex) which is the replicative helicase essential for 'once per cell cycle' DNA replication initiation and elongation in eukaryotic cells. Core component of CDC45-MCM-GINS (CMG) helicase, the molecular machine that unwinds template DNA during replication, and around which the replisome is built. The active ATPase sites in the MCM2-7 ring are formed through the interaction surfaces of two neighboring subunits such that a critical structure of a conserved arginine finger motif is provided in trans relative to the ATP-binding site of the Walker A box of the adjacent subunit. The six ATPase active sites, however, are likely to contribute differentially to the complex helicase activity. Required for the entry in S phase and for cell division (PubMed:[10567526](#)). Plays a role in terminally differentiated hair cells development of the cochlea and induces cells apoptosis (By similarity).

**Cellular Location**

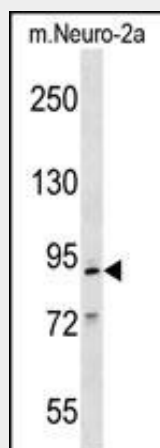
Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P49736}. Chromosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P49736}. Note=Associated with chromatin before the formation of nuclei and detaches from it as DNA replication progresses. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P55861}

**Mouse Mcm2 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

**Mouse Mcm2 Antibody (C-term) - Images**



Mouse Mcm2 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP19218b) western blot analysis in mouse Neuro-2a cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the Mcm2 antibody detected the Mcm2 protein (arrow).

**Mouse Mcm2 Antibody (C-term) - Background**

Mcm2 acts as a factor that allows the DNA to undergo a single round of replication per cell cycle. Required for the entry in S phase and for cell division.

**Mouse Mcm2 Antibody (C-term) - References**

Kunnev, D., et al. Oncogene 29(25):3630-3638(2010)  
Chuang, C.H., et al. PLoS Genet. 6 (9) (2010) :  
Lee, E.Y., et al. Dev. Biol. 332(1):104-115(2009)  
Hasegawa, M., et al. Leuk. Res. 33(8):1100-1107(2009)  
Breunig, J.J., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 105(35):13127-13132(2008)