

PPP2R1A Antibody(C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP19717b

Specification

PPP2R1A Antibody(C-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession P30153

Other Accession <u>P54612</u>, <u>Q76MZ3</u>, <u>Q32PI5</u>, <u>NP 055040.2</u>

Reactivity Human

Predicted Bovine, Mouse, Pig

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW 65309
Antigen Region 454-481

PPP2R1A Antibody(C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 5518

Other Names

Serine/threonine-protein phosphatase 2A 65 kDa regulatory subunit A alpha isoform, Medium tumor antigen-associated 61 kDa protein, PP2A subunit A isoform PR65-alpha, PP2A subunit A isoform R1-alpha, PP2R1A

Target/Specificity

This PPP2R1A antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 454-481 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human PPP2R1A.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

PPP2R1A Antibody(C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

PPP2R1A Antibody(C-term) - Protein Information



Name PPP2R1A (HGNC:9302)

Function The PR65 subunit of protein phosphatase 2A serves as a scaffolding molecule to coordinate the assembly of the catalytic subunit and a variable regulatory B subunit (PubMed: 15525651, PubMed: 16580887, PubMed: 33243860, PubMed: 33633399, PubMed: 34004147, PubMed: 8694763). Upon interaction with GNA12 promotes dephosphorylation of microtubule associated protein TAU/MAPT (PubMed: 15525651). Required for proper chromosome segregation and for centromeric localization of SGO1 in mitosis (PubMed: 16580887). Together with RACK1 adapter, mediates dephosphorylation of AKT1 at 'Ser-473', preventing AKT1 activation and AKT-mTOR signaling pathway (By similarity). Dephosphorylation of AKT1 is essential for regulatory T-cells (Treg) homeostasis and stability (By similarity). Part of the striatininteracting phosphatase and kinase (STRIPAK) complexes (PubMed: 18782753, PubMed: 33633399). STRIPAK complexes have critical roles in protein (de)phosphorylation and are regulators of multiple signaling pathways including Hippo, MAPK, nuclear receptor and cytoskeleton remodeling (PubMed: 18782753, PubMed: 33633399). Different types of STRIPAK complexes are involved in a variety of biological processes such as cell growth, differentiation, apoptosis, metabolism and immune regulation (PubMed: 18782753, PubMed: 33633399). Key mediator of a quality checkpoint during transcription elongation as part of the Integrator-PP2A (INTAC) complex (PubMed:33243860, PubMed:34004147). The INTAC complex drives premature transcription termination of transcripts that are unfavorably configured for transcriptional elongation: within the INTAC complex, acts as a scaffolding subunit for PPP2CA, which catalyzes dephosphorylation of the C-terminal domain (CTD) of Pol II subunit POLR2A/RPB1 and SUPT5H/SPT5, thereby preventing transcriptional elongation (PubMed: 33243860, PubMed: 34004147). Regulates the recruitment of the SKA complex to kinetochores (PubMed: 28982702).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q32PI5}. Nucleus. Chromosome. Chromosome, centromere. Lateral cell membrane. Cell projection, dendrite. Note=Centromeric localization requires the presence of BUB1 (PubMed:16580887). Recruited to chromatin and transcription pause-release checkpoint via its association with the Integrator complex (PubMed:34004147, PubMed:33243860)

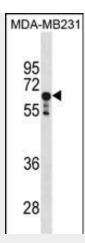
PPP2R1A Antibody(C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

PPP2R1A Antibody(C-term) - Images





PPP2R1A Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP19717b) western blot analysis in MDA-MB231 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the PPP2R1A antibody detected the PPP2R1A protein (arrow).

PPP2R1A Antibody(C-term) - Background

This gene encodes a constant regulatory subunit of protein phosphatase 2. Protein phosphatase 2 is one of the four major Ser/Thr phosphatases, and it is implicated in the negative control of cell growth and division. It consists of a common heteromeric core enzyme, which is composed of a catalytic subunit and a constant regulatory subunit, that associates with a variety of regulatory subunits. The constant regulatory subunit A serves as a scaffolding molecule to coordinate the assembly of the catalytic subunit and a variable regulatory B subunit. This gene encodes an alpha isoform of the constant regulatory subunit A. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described. [provided by RefSeq].

PPP2R1A Antibody(C-term) - References

Jones, S., et al. Science 330(6001):228-231(2010) Schmitz, M.H., et al. Nat. Cell Biol. 12(9):886-893(2010) Heikkinen, P.T., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(6):3740-3749(2010) Dupont, W.D., et al. Cancer 116(1):8-19(2010) Wang, Q., et al. Neoplasia 11(10):1012-1021(2009)