

SSX7 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP19917a

Specification

SSX7 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E **Primary Accession O7RTT5** NP 775494.1 Other Accession Reactivity Human Host **Rabbit** Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype Rabbit IgG Calculated MW 21591 Antigen Region 1-30

SSX7 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 280658

Other Names

Protein SSX7, SSX7

Target/Specificity

This SSX7 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1-30 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human SSX7.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

SSX7 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

SSX7 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name SSX7

Function Could act as a modulator of transcription.



Tissue Location

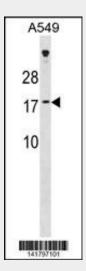
Testis-specific. Expressed in a melanoma cell line.

SSX7 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

SSX7 Antibody (N-term) - Images



SSX7 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP19917a) western blot analysis in A549 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the SSX7 antibody detected the SSX7 protein (arrow).

SSX7 Antibody (N-term) - Background

The product of this gene belongs to the family of highly homologous synovial sarcoma X (SSX) breakpoint proteins. These proteins may function as transcriptional repressors. They are also capable of eliciting spontaneously humoral and cellular immune responses in cancer patients, and are potentially useful targets in cancer vaccine-based immunotherapy. SSX1, SSX2 and SSX4 genes have been involved in the t(X;18) translocation characteristically found in all synovial sarcomas. This gene appears not to be involved in this type of chromosome translocation.

SSX7 Antibody (N-term) - References

Ross, M.T., et al. Nature 434(7031):325-337(2005) Gure, A.O., et al. Int. J. Cancer 101(5):448-453(2002) Chen, C.H., et al. Cancer Lett. 164(2):189-195(2001)