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SMAD1 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP20141a

Specification

SMAD1 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application	**WB,E**
Primary Accession	Q15797
Other Accession	O54835, Q9JIW5, O15198, Q9R1V3, P97454, Q99717, Q9W7E7, Q56I99, P97588, P70340, Q9I8V2, Q1JQA2, NP_005891.1
Reactivity	**Human**
Predicted	**Bovine, Zebrafish, Mouse, Rat, Chicken**
Host	**Rabbit**
Clonality	**Polyclonal**
Isotype	**Rabbit IgG**
Calculated MW	**52260**
Antigen Region	**1-30**

SMAD1 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 4086

Other Names
Mothers against decapentaplegic homolog 1, MAD homolog 1, Mothers against DPP homolog 1, JV4-1, Mad-related protein 1, SMAD family member 1, SMAD 1, Smad1, hSMAD1, Transforming growth factor-beta-signaling protein 1, BSP-1, SMAD1, BSP1, MADH1, MADR1

Target/Specificity
This SMAD1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1-30 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human SMAD1.

Dilution
WB~~1:1000
E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions
SMAD1 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

SMAD1 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name SMAD1

Synonyms BSP1, MADH1, MADR1

Function Transcriptional modulator that plays a role in various cellular processes, including embryonic development, cell differentiation, and tissue homeostasis (PubMed:9335504). Upon BMP ligand binding to their receptors at the cell surface, is phosphorylated by activated type I BMP receptors (BMPRIs) and associates with SMAD4 to form a heteromeric complex which translocates into the nucleus acting as transcription factor (PubMed:33667543). In turn, the hetero-trimeric complex recognizes cis-regulatory elements containing Smad Binding Elements (SBEs) to modulate the outcome of the signaling network (PubMed:33667543). SMAD1/OAZ1/PSMB4 complex mediates the degradation of the CREBBP/EP300 repressor SNIP1. Positively regulates BMP4-induced expression of odontogenic development regulator MSX1 following IPO7-mediated nuclear import (By similarity).

Cellular Location
Cytoplasm. Nucleus Note=Cytoplasmic in the absence of ligand. Migrates to the nucleus when complexed with SMAD4 (PubMed:15647271). Co-localizes with LEMD3 at the nucleus inner membrane (PubMed:15647271). Exported from the nucleus to the cytoplasm when dephosphorylated (By similarity) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P70340, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15647271}

Tissue Location
Ubiquitous. Highest expression seen in the heart and skeletal muscle

SMAD1 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

SMAD1 Antibody (N-term) - Images

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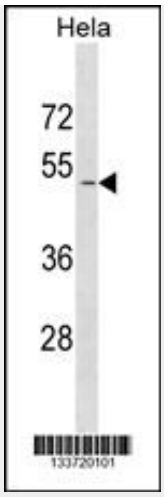

SMAD1 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP20141a) western blot analysis in Hela cell line lysates (35ug/lane).This demonstrates the SMAD1 antibody detected the SMAD1 protein (arrow).

SMAD1 Antibody (N-term) - Background

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the SMAD, a family of proteins similar to the gene products of the Drosophila gene 'mothers against decapentaplegic' (Mad) and the C. elegans gene Sma. SMAD proteins are signal transducers and transcriptional modulators that mediate multiple signaling pathways. This protein mediates the signals of the bone morphogenetic proteins (BMPs), which are involved in a range of biological activities including cell growth, apoptosis, morphogenesis, development and immune responses. In response to BMP ligands, this protein can be phosphorylated and activated by the BMP receptor kinase. The phosphorylated form of this protein forms a complex with SMAD4, which is important for its function in the transcription regulation. This protein is a target for SMAD-specific E3 ubiquitin ligases, such as SMURF1 and SMURF2, and undergoes ubiquitination and proteasome-mediated degradation. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have been observed.

SMAD1 Antibody (N-term) - References

Yang, J., et al. Circ. Res. 107(2):252-262(2010)
Smythies, L.E., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(25):19593-19604(2010)
Abhishek, K., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 396(4):950-955(2010)
Jugessur, A., et al. PLoS ONE 5 (7), E11493 (2010) :
Ye, F., et al. J. Exp. Clin. Cancer Res. 29, 78 (2010) :