

## **Bcl-2 Antibody (Center Ser70)**

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP20322c

## **Specification**

# **Bcl-2 Antibody (Center Ser70) - Product Information**

Application WB,E **Primary Accession** P10415 Reactivity Human Host **Rabbit** Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype Rabbit IgG Calculated MW 26266 Antigen Region 49-76

### **Bcl-2 Antibody (Center Ser70) - Additional Information**

#### Gene ID 596

#### **Other Names**

Apoptosis regulator Bcl-2, BCL2

# **Target/Specificity**

This Bcl-2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 49-76 amino acids from the Central region of human Bcl-2.

#### **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

#### **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

Bcl-2 Antibody (Center Ser70) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## **Bcl-2 Antibody (Center Ser70) - Protein Information**

## Name BCL2

**Function** Suppresses apoptosis in a variety of cell systems including factor-dependent lymphohematopoietic and neural cells (PubMed: 1508712, PubMed: 8183370). Regulates cell death



by controlling the mitochondrial membrane permeability (PubMed: 11368354). Appears to function in a feedback loop system with caspases (PubMed: 11368354). Inhibits caspase activity either by preventing the release of cytochrome c from the mitochondria and/or by binding to the apoptosis-activating factor (APAF-1) (PubMed: 11368354). Also acts as an inhibitor of autophagy: interacts with BECN1 and AMBRA1 during non-starvation conditions and inhibits their autophagy function (PubMed: 18570871, PubMed: 20889974, PubMed: 21358617). May attenuate inflammation by impairing NLRP1- inflammasome activation, hence CASP1 activation and IL1B release (PubMed: 17418785).

#### **Cellular Location**

Mitochondrion outer membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Nucleus membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P10417}

#### **Tissue Location**

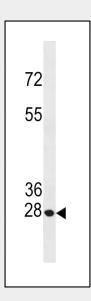
Expressed in a variety of tissues.

## **Bcl-2 Antibody (Center Ser70) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# **Bcl-2 Antibody (Center Ser70) - Images**



Bcl-2 Antibody (Center Ser70) (Cat. #AP20322c) western blot analysis in Hela cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the Bcl-2 (Ser70) antibody detected the Bcl-2 (Ser70) protein (arrow).

## Bcl-2 Antibody (Center Ser70) - Background





Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999

Suppresses apoptosis in a variety of cell systems including factor-dependent lymphohematopoietic and neural cells. Regulates cell death by controlling the mitochondrial membrane permeability. Appears to function in a feedback loop system with caspases. Inhibits caspase activity either by preventing the release of cytochrome c from the mitochondria and/or by binding to the apoptosis-activating factor (APAF-1).

# **Bcl-2 Antibody (Center Ser70) - Citations**

• The Role of MiR-5094 as a Proliferation Suppressor during Cellular Radiation Response via **Downregulating STAT5b**