

# FRA10AC1 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP20372b

# **Specification**

# FRA10AC1 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E **Primary Accession** Q70Z53 Reactivity Human Host Rabbit Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype Rabbit IgG 37548 Calculated MW Antigen Region 253-280

## FRA10AC1 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

### **Gene ID** 118924

#### **Other Names**

Protein FRA10AC1, FRA10AC1, C10orf4

# **Target/Specificity**

This FRA10AC1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 253-280 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human FRA10AC1.

#### **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

#### **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

## **Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

### **Precautions**

FRA10AC1 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## FRA10AC1 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

### Name FRA10AC1

Synonyms C10orf4

Function May be involved in pre-mRNA splicing.



**Cellular Location** Nucleus

#### **Tissue Location**

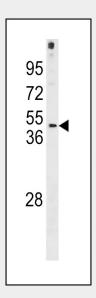
Ubiquitously expressed with higher expression in brain, heart, skeletal muscle, kidney and liver

# FRA10AC1 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# FRA10AC1 Antibody (C-term) - Images



FRA10AC1 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP20372b) western blot analysis in NCI-H292 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the FRA10AC1 antibody detected the FRA10AC1 protein (arrow).

## FRA10AC1 Antibody (C-term) - Background

The function of the C10orf4 protein is unknown. Expansion of a polymorphic CGG repeat within the 5'-UTR of the C10orf4 gene may be the cause of folate-sensitive fragile site FRA10A expression. Fragile sites appear visually as nonstaining gaps on chromosomes that are inducible by specific cell culture conditions.