

**CHRNA9 Antibody (N-term)**  
**Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP20598a****Specification**

---

**CHRNA9 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information**

Application	FC, WB,E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q9UGM1</a>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	54807
Antigen Region	8-42

**CHRNA9 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information****Gene ID** 55584**Other Names**

Neuronal acetylcholine receptor subunit alpha-9, Nicotinic acetylcholine receptor subunit alpha-9, NACHR alpha-9, CHRNA9, NACHRA9

**Target/Specificity**

This CHRNA9 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 8-42 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human CHRNA9.

**Dilution**

FC~~1:25

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

CHRNA9 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**CHRNA9 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information****Name** CHRNA9 ([HGNC:14079](#))

## Synonyms NACHRA9

**Function** Component of neuronal acetylcholine receptors (nAChRs) that function as pentameric, ligand-gated cation channels with high calcium permeability among other activities. nAChRs are excitatory neurotransmitter receptors formed by a collection of nAChR subunits known to mediate synaptic transmission in the nervous system and the neuromuscular junction. Each nAChR subunit confers differential attributes to channel properties, including activation, deactivation and desensitization kinetics, pH sensitivity, cation permeability, and binding to allosteric modulators (PubMed:[11752216](#), PubMed:[18723036](#), PubMed:[25282151](#)). Forms either homopentamers or heteropentamers with CHRNA10. Expressed in the inner ear, in sympathetic neurons and in other non-neuronal cells, such as skin keratinocytes and lymphocytes (PubMed:[11752216](#), PubMed:[18723036](#)). nAChR formed by CHRNA9:CHRNA10 mediate central nervous system control of auditory and vestibular sensory processing. The channel is permeable to a range of divalent cations including calcium, the influx of which may activate a potassium current which hyperpolarizes the cell membrane (PubMed:[11752216](#), PubMed:[25282151](#)). In the ear, mediates synaptic transmission between efferent olivocochlear fibers and hair cells of the cochlea, this may lead to a reduction in basilar membrane motion, altering the activity of auditory nerve fibers and reducing the range of dynamic hearing. This may protect against acoustic trauma (By similarity). May also regulate keratinocyte adhesion (PubMed:[11021840](#), PubMed:[11752216](#), PubMed:[25282151](#)).

## Cellular Location

Synaptic cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

## Tissue Location

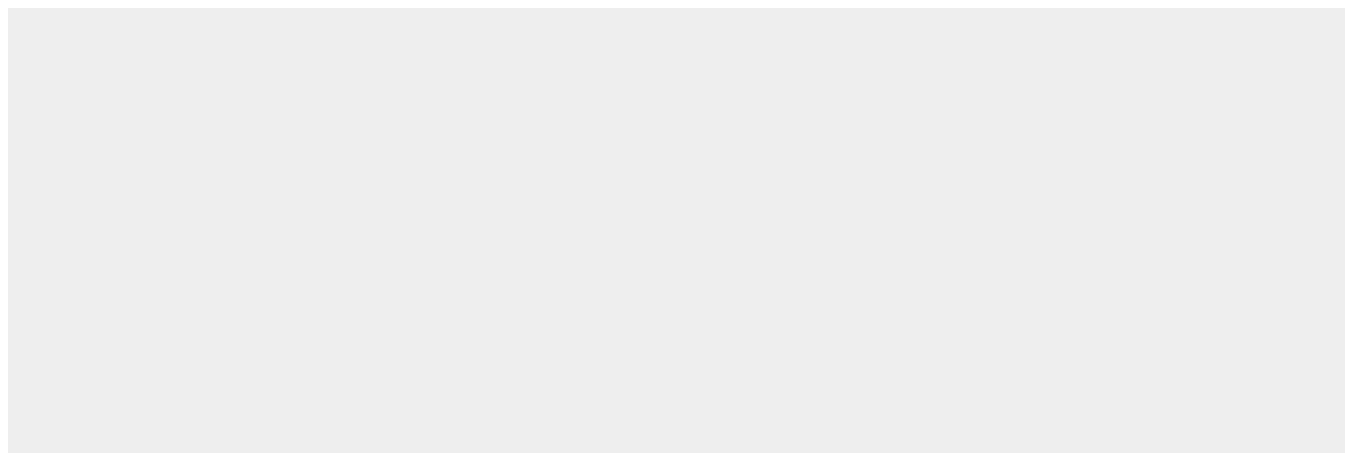
Expressed in cochlea, keratinocytes, pituitary gland, B-cells and T-cells.

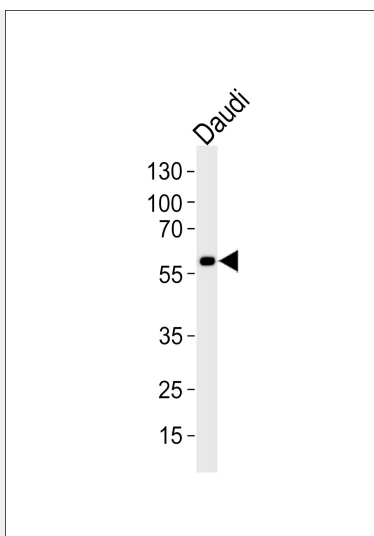
## CHRNA9 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

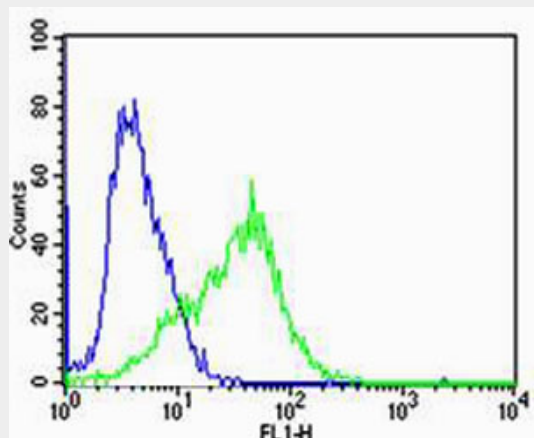
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## CHRNA9 Antibody (N-term) - Images





Western blot analysis of lysate from Daudi cell line, using CHRNA9 Antibody (N-term)(Cat. #AP20598a). AP20598a was diluted at 1:1000. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysate at 35ug.



Flow cytometric analysis of Jurkat cells using CHRNA9 Antibody (N-term)(green, Cat#AP20598a) compared to an isotype control of rabbit IgG(blue). AP20598a was diluted at 1:25 dilution. An Alexa Fluor® 488 goat anti-rabbit IgG at 1:400 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.

### **CHRNA9 Antibody (N-term) - Background**

Ionotropic receptor with a probable role in the modulation of auditory stimuli. Agonist binding may induce an extensive change in conformation that affects all subunits and leads to opening of an ion-conducting channel across the plasma membrane. The channel is permeable to a range of divalent cations including calcium, the influx of which may activate a potassium current which hyperpolarizes the cell membrane. In the ear, this may lead to a reduction in basilar membrane motion, altering the activity of auditory nerve fibers and reducing the range of dynamic hearing. This may protect against acoustic trauma. May also regulate keratinocyte adhesion.

### **CHRNA9 Antibody (N-term) - References**

- Sgard F.,et al.Mol. Pharmacol. 61:150-159(2002).
- Lustig L.R.,et al.Cytogenet. Genome Res. 98:154-159(2002).
- Hillier L.W.,et al.Nature 434:724-731(2005).
- Nguyen V.T.,et al.Am. J. Pathol. 157:1377-1391(2000).
- Peng H.,et al.Life Sci. 76:263-280(2004).

