

Ntrk1 Antibody (Center)
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP20893a**Specification**

Ntrk1 Antibody (Center) - Product Information

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	P04629
Other Accession	Q3UFB7 , P35739
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Predicted	Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG

Ntrk1 Antibody (Center) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 4914**Other Names**

High affinity nerve growth factor receptor, Neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor type 1, Ntrk1

Target/Specificity

This Ntrk1 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 481-515 amino acids from the Central region of human Ntrk1.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Ntrk1 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Ntrk1 Antibody (Center) - Protein Information**Name** NTRK1**Function** Receptor tyrosine kinase involved in the development and the maturation of the central and peripheral nervous systems through regulation of proliferation, differentiation and survival of

sympathetic and nervous neurons. High affinity receptor for NGF which is its primary ligand (PubMed:[1281417](#), PubMed:[15488758](#), PubMed:[17196528](#), PubMed:[1849459](#), PubMed:[1850821](#), PubMed:[22649032](#), PubMed:[27445338](#), PubMed:[8325889](#)). Can also bind and be activated by NTF3/neurotrophin-3. However, NTF3 only supports axonal extension through NTRK1 but has no effect on neuron survival (By similarity). Upon dimeric NGF ligand-binding, undergoes homodimerization, autophosphorylation and activation (PubMed:[1281417](#)). Recruits, phosphorylates and/or activates several downstream effectors including SHC1, FRS2, SH2B1, SH2B2 and PLCG1 that regulate distinct overlapping signaling cascades driving cell survival and differentiation. Through SHC1 and FRS2 activates a GRB2-Ras-MAPK cascade that regulates cell differentiation and survival. Through PLCG1 controls NF-Kappa-B activation and the transcription of genes involved in cell survival. Through SHC1 and SH2B1 controls a Ras-PI3 kinase-AKT1 signaling cascade that is also regulating survival. In absence of ligand and activation, may promote cell death, making the survival of neurons dependent on trophic factors.

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Early endosome membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P35739}; Single-pass type I membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P35739}. Late endosome membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P35739}; Single-pass type I membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P35739}. Recycling endosome membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P35739}; Single-pass type I membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P35739}. Note=Rapidly internalized after NGF binding (PubMed:[1281417](#)). Internalized to endosomes upon binding of NGF or NTF3 and further transported to the cell body via a retrograde axonal transport. Localized at cell membrane and early endosomes before nerve growth factor (NGF) stimulation. Recruited to late endosomes after NGF stimulation. Colocalized with RAPGEF2 at late endosomes {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P35739, ECO:0000269|PubMed:[1281417](#)}

Tissue Location

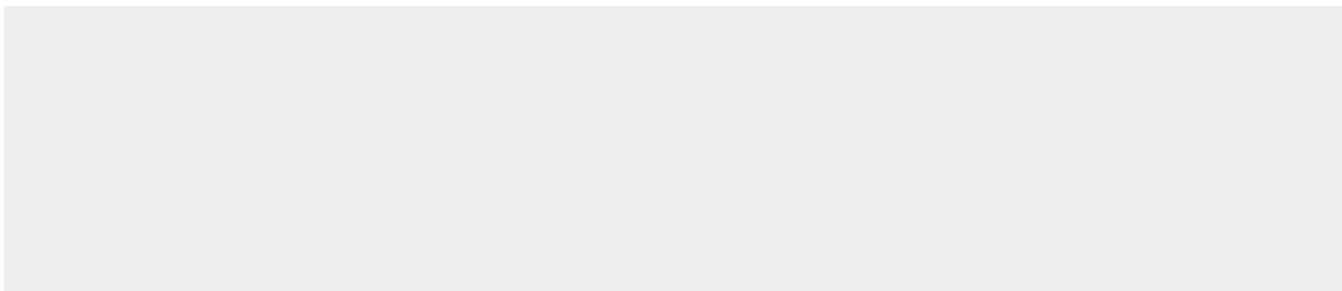
Isoform TrkA-I is found in most non-neuronal tissues. Isoform TrkA-II is primarily expressed in neuronal cells TrkA-III is specifically expressed by pluripotent neural stem and neural crest progenitors.

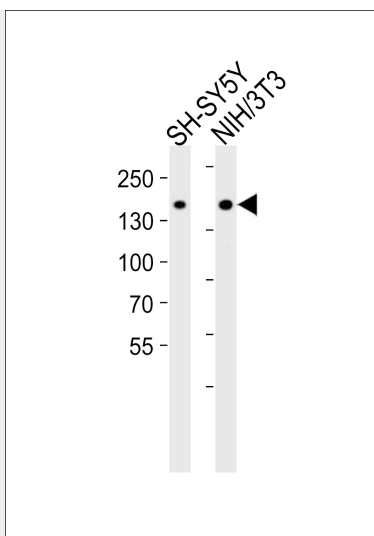
Ntrk1 Antibody (Center) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Ntrk1 Antibody (Center) - Images





Western blot analysis of lysates from SH-SY5Y, mouse NIH/3T3 cell line (from left to right), using Ntrk1 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP20893a). AP20893a was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:10000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysates at 20ug per lane.

Ntrk1 Antibody (Center) - Background

Receptor tyrosine kinase involved in the development and the maturation of the central and peripheral nervous systems through regulation of proliferation, differentiation and survival of sympathetic and nervous neurons. High affinity receptor for NGF which is its primary ligand, it can also bind and be activated by NTF3/neurotrophin-3. However, NTF3 only supports axonal extension through NTRK1 but has no effect on neuron survival. Upon dimeric NGF ligand-binding, undergoes homodimerization, autophosphorylation and activation. Recruits, phosphorylates and/or activates several downstream effectors including SHC1, FRS2, SH2B1, SH2B2 and PLCG1 that regulate distinct overlapping signaling cascades driving cell survival and differentiation. Through SHC1 and FRS2 activates a GRB2-Ras-MAPK cascade that regulates cell differentiation and survival. Through PLCG1 controls NF-Kappa-B activation and the transcription of genes involved in cell survival. Through SHC1 and SH2B1 controls a Ras- PI3 kinase-AKT1 signaling cascade that is also regulating survival. In absence of ligand and activation, may promote cell death, making the survival of neurons dependent on trophic factors.

Ntrk1 Antibody (Center) - References

- Carninci P.,et al.Science 309:1559-1563(2005).
- Smeyne R.J.,et al.Nature 368:246-249(1994).
- Fagan A.M.,et al.J. Neurosci. 16:6208-6218(1996).
- Makkerh J.P.,et al.EMBO Rep. 6:936-941(2005).
- Lo K.Y.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 280:41744-41752(2005).