

E1 Ubiquitin (UBE1) Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP2113b

Specification

E1 Ubiquitin (UBE1) Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P,E
Primary Accession P22314

Other Accession <u>Q5U300</u>, <u>Q29504</u>, <u>Q02053</u>, <u>A3KMV5</u>

Reactivity Human, Mouse Predicted Bovine, Rabbit, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Antigen Region 1026-1058

E1 Ubiquitin (UBE1) Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 7317

Other Names

Ubiquitin-like modifier-activating enzyme 1, Protein A1S9, Ubiquitin-activating enzyme E1, UBA1, A1S9T, UBE1

Target/Specificity

This E1 Ubiquitin (UBE1) antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1026-1058 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human E1 Ubiquitin (UBE1).

Dilution

WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:50~100

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

E1 Ubiquitin (UBE1) Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

E1 Ubiquitin (UBE1) Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name UBA1





Synonyms A1S9T, UBE1

Function Catalyzes the first step in ubiquitin conjugation to mark cellular proteins for degradation through the ubiquitin-proteasome system (PubMed:1606621, PubMed:1447181, PubMed:33108101). Activates ubiquitin by first adenylating its C-terminal glycine residue with ATP, and thereafter linking this residue to the side chain of a cysteine residue in E1, yielding a ubiquitin-E1 thioester and free AMP (PubMed:1447181). Essential for the formation of radiation-induced foci, timely DNA repair and for response to replication stress. Promotes the recruitment of TP53BP1 and BRCA1 at DNA damage sites (PubMed:22456334).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Mitochondrion. Nucleus [Isoform 2]: Cytoplasm

Tissue Location

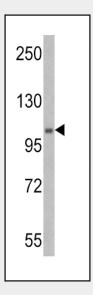
Detected in erythrocytes (at protein level). Ubiquitous.

E1 Ubiquitin (UBE1) Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

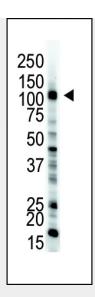
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

E1 Ubiquitin (UBE1) Antibody (C-term) - Images

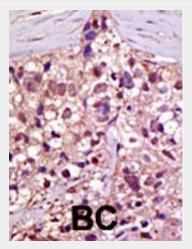


Western blot analysis of E1 Ubiquitin (UBE1) Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP2113b) in mouse stomach tissue lysates (35ug/lane). UBE1 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.

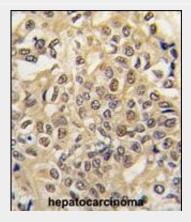




The anti-UBE1 Pab (Cat. #AP2113b) is used in Western blot to detect UBE1 in HL-60 cell lysate.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by AEC staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human hepatocarcinoma tissue reacted with UBE1 antibody (C-term) (Cat.#AP2113b), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



E1 Ubiquitin (UBE1) Antibody (C-term) - Background

UBE1 catalyzes the first step in ubiquitin conjugation to mark cellular proteins for degradation. This gene complements an X-linked mouse temperature-sensitive defect in DNA synthesis, and thus may function in DNA repair. It is part of a gene cluster on chromosome Xp11.23. Alternative splicing results in 2 transcript variants encoding the same protein, but with different 5' UTR.

E1 Ubiquitin (UBE1) Antibody (C-term) - References

Ayusawa, D., et al., Cell Struct. Funct. 17(2):113-122 (1992). Handley, P.M., et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 88(1):258-262 (1991). Kudo, M., et al., Exp. Cell Res. 192(1):110-117 (1991). Zacksenhaus, E., et al., Cytogenet. Cell Genet. 53(1):20-22 (1990). Zacksenhaus, E., et al., EMBO J. 9(9):2923-2929 (1990).