

Mouse Yes1 Antibody (Center)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP21248c

Specification

Mouse Yes1 Antibody (Center) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality	WB,E <u>Q04736</u> Mouse, Rat Rabbit polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	60630

Mouse Yes1 Antibody (Center) - Additional Information

Gene ID 22612

Other Names Tyrosine-protein kinase Yes, Proto-oncogene c-Yes, p61-Yes, Yes1, Yes

Target/Specificity

This Mouse Yes1 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 148-182 amino acids from the Central region of Mouse Yes1.

Dilution WB~~1:2000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Mouse Yes1 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Mouse Yes1 Antibody (Center) - Protein Information

Name Yes1

Synonyms Yes

Function Non-receptor protein tyrosine kinase that is involved in the regulation of cell growth and



survival, apoptosis, cell-cell adhesion, cytoskeleton remodeling, and differentiation. Stimulation by receptor tyrosine kinases (RTKs) including EGFR, PDGFR, CSF1R and FGFR leads to recruitment of YES1 to the phosphorylated receptor, and activation and phosphorylation of downstream substrates. Upon EGFR activation, promotes the phosphorylation of PARD3 to favor epithelial tight junction assembly. Participates in the phosphorylation of specific junctional components such as CTNND1 by stimulating the FYN and FER tyrosine kinases at cell-cell contacts. Upon T-cell stimulation by CXCL12, phosphorylates collapsin response mediator protein 2/DPYSL2 and induces T-cell migration. Participates in CD95L/FASLG signaling pathway and mediates AKT-mediated cell migration. Plays a role in cell cycle progression by phosphorylating the cyclin dependent kinase 4/CDK4 thus regulating the G1 phase. Also involved in G2/M progression and cytokinesis (By similarity). Catalyzes phosphorylation of organic cation transporter OCT2 which induces its transport activity (PubMed:<u>26979622</u>).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome Cytoplasm, cytosol. Cell junction {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q28923}. Note=Newly synthesized protein initially accumulates in the Golgi region and traffics to the plasma membrane through the exocytic pathway. Localized to small puncta throughout the cytoplasm and cell membrane when in the presence of SNAIL1 (By similarity). {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q28923}

Mouse Yes1 Antibody (Center) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- <u>Dot Blot</u>
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

Mouse Yes1 Antibody (Center) - Images



All lanes : Anti-Yes1 Antibody (Center) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: mouse lung lysates Lane 2: L6 whole cell lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L),



Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size : 61 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Mouse Yes1 Antibody (Center) - Background

Non-receptor protein tyrosine kinase that is involved in the regulation of cell growth and survival, apoptosis, cell-cell adhesion, cytoskeleton remodeling, and differentiation. Stimulation by receptor tyrosine kinases (RTKs) including EGRF, PDGFR, CSF1R and FGFR leads to recruitment of YES1 to the phosphorylated receptor, and activation and phosphorylation of downstream substrates. Upon EGFR activation, promotes the phosphorylation of PARD3 to favor epithelial tight junction assembly. Participates in the phosphorylation of specific junctional components such as CTNND1 by stimulating the FYN and FER tyrosine kinases at cell-cell contacts. Upon T-cell stimulation by CXCL12, phosphorylates collapsin response mediator protein 2/DPYSL2 and induces T-cell migration. Participates in CD95L/FASLG signaling pathway and mediates AKT-mediated cell migration. Plays a role in cell cycle progression by phosphorylating the cyclin dependent kinase 4/CDK4 thus regulating the G1 phase. Also involved in G2/M progression and cytokinesis (By similarity).

Mouse Yes1 Antibody (Center) - References

Klages S.,et al.Oncogene 8:713-719(1993). Hebert B.,et al.Gene 143:257-260(1994). Courtneidge S.A.,et al.EMBO J. 12:943-950(1993). Stein P.L.,et al.Genes Dev. 8:1999-2007(1994). Ariki M.,et al.J. Biochem. 121:104-111(1997).