

## USP6 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP2135b

## Specification

# USP6 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

WB, FC,E
<u>P35125</u>
<u>Q6URH7</u>
Human
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit IgG
158658
1280-1310

# USP6 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

## Gene ID 9098

## **Other Names**

Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 6, Deubiquitinating enzyme 6, Proto-oncogene TRE-2, Ubiquitin thioesterase 6, Ubiquitin-specific-processing protease 6, USP6, HRP1, TRE2

## Target/Specificity

This USP6 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1280-1310 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human USP6.

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000 FC~~1:10~50 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

## Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

## **Precautions**

USP6 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## USP6 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

## Name USP6



# Synonyms HRP1, TRE2

**Function** Deubiquitinase with an ATP-independent isopeptidase activity, cleaving at the C-terminus of the ubiquitin moiety. Catalyzes its own deubiquitination. In vitro, isoform 2, but not isoform 3, shows deubiquitinating activity. Promotes plasma membrane localization of ARF6 and selectively regulates ARF6-dependent endocytic protein trafficking. Is able to initiate tumorigenesis by inducing the production of matrix metalloproteinases following NF-kappa-B activation. May act as a GTPase-activating protein for RAB3A (PubMed:<u>19077034</u>).

## **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane. Cytoplasm. Endosome. Note=Localizes to the plasma membrane and to filamentous structures within the cell corresponding to ARF6 regulated tubular endosomes. Activation of RAC1 and CDC42 can direct the relocalization of USP6 to the plasma membrane in a manner that depends on the integrity of the actin cytoskeleton

## **Tissue Location**

Testis specific. Expressed in various cancer cell lines.

# USP6 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

# USP6 Antibody (C-term) - Images



USP6 Antibody (E978) (Cat. #AP2135b) western blot analysis in NCI-H460 cell line lysates (35ug/lane).This demonstrates the USP6 antibody detected the USP6 protein (arrow).





USP6 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP2135b) flow cytometric analysis of NCI-H460 cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

# USP6 Antibody (C-term) - Background

Modification of target proteins by ubiquitin participates in a wide array of biological functions. Proteins destined for degradation or processing via the 26 S proteasome are coupled to multiple copies of ubiquitin. However, attachment of ubiquitin or ubiquitin-related molecules may also result in changes in subcellular distribution or modification of protein activity. An additional level of ubiquitin regulation, deubiquitination, is catalyzed by proteases called deubiquitinating enzymes, which fall into four distinct families. Ubiquitin C-terminal hydrolases, ubiquitin-specific processing proteases (USPs),1 OTU-domain ubiquitin-aldehyde-binding proteins, and Jab1/Pad1/MPN-domain-containing metallo-enzymes. Among these four families, USPs represent the most widespread and represented deubiquitinating enzymes across evolution. USPs tend to release ubiquitin from a conjugated protein. They display similar catalytic domains containing conserved Cys and His boxes but divergent N-terminal and occasionally C-terminal extensions, which are

# USP6 Antibody (C-term) - References

interactions.

Paulding, C.A., et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 100(5):2507-2511 (2003). Papa, F.R., et al., Nature 366(6453):313-319 (1993). Nakamura, T., et al., Oncogene 7(4):733-741 (1992).

thought to function in substrate recognition, subcellular localization, and protein-protein