

## OTUB1 Antibody (C-Term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP21558b

### **Specification**

# **OTUB1 Antibody (C-Term) - Product Information**

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW WB,E <u>Q96FW1</u> Human, Mouse Rabbit polyclonal Rabbit IgG 31284

## **OTUB1** Antibody (C-Term) - Additional Information

#### Gene ID 55611

#### **Other Names**

Ubiquitin thioesterase OTUB1, Deubiquitinating enzyme OTUB1, OTU domain-containing ubiquitin aldehyde-binding protein 1, Otubain-1, hOTU1, Ubiquitin-specific-processing protease OTUB1, OTUB1, OTB1, OTU1

#### Target/Specificity

This OTUB1 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 185-219 amino acids from human OTUB1.

### **Dilution** WB~~1:1000-1:2000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

OTUB1 Antibody (C-Term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# **OTUB1 Antibody (C-Term) - Protein Information**

### Name OTUB1

Synonyms OTB1, OTU1



**Function** Hydrolase that can specifically remove 'Lys-48'-linked conjugated ubiquitin from proteins and plays an important regulatory role at the level of protein turnover by preventing degradation (PubMed:<u>12401499</u>, PubMed:<u>12704427</u>, PubMed:<u>14661020</u>, PubMed:<u>23827681</u>). Regulator of T-cell anergy, a phenomenon that occurs when T-cells are rendered unresponsive to antigen rechallenge and no longer respond to their cognate antigen (PubMed:<u>14661020</u>). Acts via its interaction with RNF128/GRAIL, a crucial inductor of CD4 T-cell anergy (PubMed:<u>14661020</u>). Isoform 1 destabilizes RNF128, leading to prevent anergy (PubMed:<u>14661020</u>). In contrast, isoform 2 stabilizes RNF128 and promotes anergy (PubMed:<u>14661020</u>). Surprisingly, it regulates RNF128-mediated ubiquitination, but does not deubiquitinate polyubiquitinated RNF128 (PubMed:<u>14661020</u>). Deubiquitinates estrogen receptor alpha (ESR1) (PubMed:<u>19383985</u>). Mediates deubiquitination of 'Lys-48'-linked polyubiquitin chains, but not 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitin chains, but not 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitin chains (PubMed:<u>18954305</u>, PubMed:<u>13827681</u>). Also capable of removing NEDD8 from NEDD8 conjugates, but with a much lower preference compared to 'Lys-48'-linked ubiquitin (PubMed:<u>18954305</u>, PubMed:<u>23827681</u>).

**Cellular Location** 

Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:B2RYG6}.

### **Tissue Location**

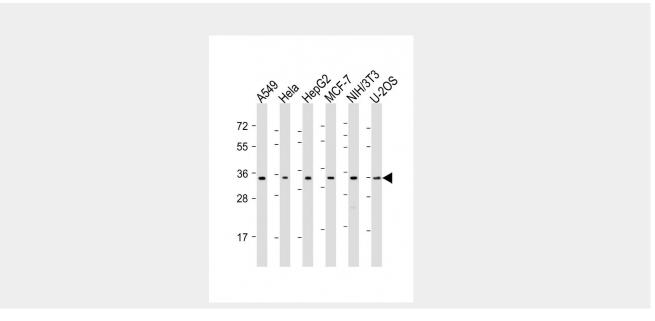
Isoform 1 is ubiquitous. Isoform 2 is expressed only in lymphoid tissues such as tonsils, lymph nodes and spleen, as well as peripheral blood mononuclear cells

# **OTUB1 Antibody (C-Term) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- <u>Dot Blot</u>
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

# OTUB1 Antibody (C-Term) - Images





All lanes : Anti-OTUB1 Antibody (C-Term) at 1:1000-1:2000 dilution Lane 1: A549 whole cell lysates Lane 2: Hela whole cell lysates Lane 3: HepG2 whole cell lysates Lane 4: MCF-7 whole cell lysates Lane 5: NIH/3T3 whole cell lysates Lane 6: U-2OS whole cell lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 31 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

## OTUB1 Antibody (C-Term) - Background

Hydrolase that can specifically remove 'Lys-48'-linked conjugated ubiquitin from proteins and plays an important regulatory role at the level of protein turnover by preventing degradation. Regulator of T-cell anergy, a phenomenon that occurs when T-cells are rendered unresponsive to antigen rechallenge and no longer respond to their cognate antigen. Acts via its interaction with RNF128/GRAIL, a crucial inductor of CD4 T-cell anergy. Isoform 1 destabilizes RNF128, leading to prevent anergy. In contrast, isoform 2 stabilizes RNF128 and promotes anergy. Surprisingly, it regulates RNF128-mediated ubiquitination, but does not deubiquitinate polyubiquitinated RNF128. Deubiquitinates estrogen receptor alpha (ESR1). Mediates deubiquitination of 'Lys- 48'-linked polyubiquitin chains, but not 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitin chains. Not able to cleave di-ubiquitin. Also capable of removing NEDD8 from NEDD8 conjugates, but with a much lower preference compared to 'Lys-48'-linked ubiquitin.

## **OTUB1 Antibody (C-Term) - References**

Balakirev M.Y.,et al.EMBO Rep. 4:517-522(2003). Soares L.,et al.Nat. Immunol. 5:45-54(2004). Zhang Q.-H.,et al.Genome Res. 10:1546-1560(2000). Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Taylor T.D.,et al.Nature 440:497-500(2006).