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NMNAT1 Antibody (C-Term)
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP21922b

Specification

NMNAT1 Antibody (C-Term) - Product Information

Application	**WB,E**
Primary Accession	Q9HAN9
Other Accession	Q0VD50, Q9EPA7
Reactivity	**Human**
Predicted	**Bovine, Mouse**
Host	**Rabbit**
Clonality	**polyclonal**
Isotype	**Rabbit IgG**
Calculated MW	**31932**

NMNAT1 Antibody (C-Term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 64802

Other Names
Nicotinamide mononucleotide adenylyltransferase 1, NMN adenylyltransferase 1, 2.7.7.1, Nicotinate-nucleotide adenylyltransferase 1, NaMN adenylyltransferase 1, 2.7.7.18, NMNAT1, NMNAT

Target/Specificity
This NMNAT1 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 200-232 amino acids from human NMNAT1.

Dilution
WB~~1:2000
E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions
NMNAT1 Antibody (C-Term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

NMNAT1 Antibody (C-Term) - Protein Information

Name NMNAT1 (HGNC:17877)

Synonyms NMNAT

Function Catalyzes the formation of NAD(+) from nicotinamide mononucleotide (NMN) and ATP (PubMed:17402747). Can also use the deamidated form; nicotinic acid mononucleotide (NaMN) as substrate with the same efficiency (PubMed:17402747). Can use triazofurin monophosphate (TrMP) as substrate (PubMed:17402747). Also catalyzes the reverse reaction, i.e. the pyrophosphorolytic cleavage of NAD(+) (PubMed:17402747). For the pyrophosphorolytic activity, prefers NAD(+) and NaAD as substrates and degrades NADH, nicotinic acid adenine dinucleotide phosphate (NHD) and nicotinamide guanine dinucleotide (NGD) less effectively (PubMed:17402747). Involved in the synthesis of ATP in the nucleus, together with PARP1, PARG and NUDT5 (PubMed:27257257). Nuclear ATP generation is required for extensive chromatin remodeling events that are energy-consuming (PubMed:27257257). Also acts as a cofactor for glutamate and aspartate ADP-ribosylation by directing PARP1 catalytic activity to glutamate and aspartate residues on histones (By similarity). Fails to cleave phosphorylated dinucleotides NADP(+), NADPH and NaADP(+) (PubMed:17402747). Protects against axonal degeneration following mechanical or toxic insults (By similarity). Neural protection does not correlate with cellular NAD(+) levels but may still require enzyme activity (By similarity).

Cellular Location
Nucleus

Tissue Location
Widely expressed with highest levels in skeletal muscle, heart and kidney. Also expressed in the liver pancreas and placenta. Widely expressed throughout the brain

NMNAT1 Antibody (C-Term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

NMNAT1 Antibody (C-Term) - Images

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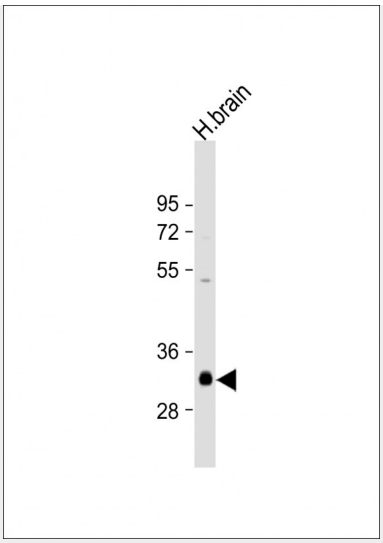
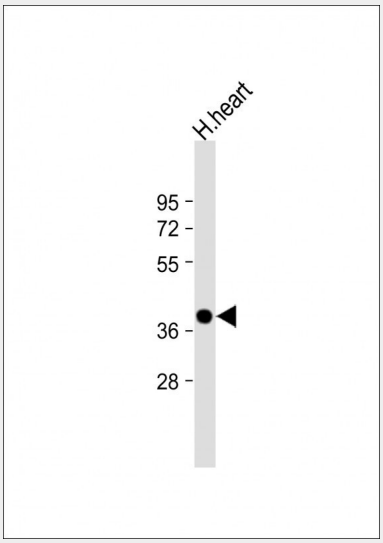


Anti-NMNAT1 Antibody (C-Term) at 1:2000 dilution + human brain lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 32 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



Anti-NMNAT1 Antibody (C-Term) at 1:2000 dilution + human heart lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 32 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

NMNAT1 Antibody (C-Term) - Background

Catalyzes the formation of NAD(+) from nicotinamide mononucleotide (NMN) and ATP. Can also use the deamidated form; nicotinic acid mononucleotide (NaMN) as substrate with the same efficiency. Can use triazofurin monophosphate (TrMP) as substrate. Also catalyzes the reverse reaction, i.e. the pyrophosphorolytic cleavage of NAD(+). For the pyrophosphorolytic activity, prefers NAD(+) and NAAD as substrates and degrades NADH, nicotinic acid adenine dinucleotide phosphate (NHD) and nicotinamide guanine dinucleotide (NGD) less effectively. Fails to cleave phosphorylated dinucleotides NADP(+), NADPH and NAADP(+). Protects against axonal degeneration following mechanical or toxic insults.

NMNAT1 Antibody (C-Term) - References

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