

INTS3 Antibody (C-Term)
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP22240b**Specification**

INTS3 Antibody (C-Term) - Product Information

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	Q68E01
Other Accession	Q7TPD0
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	118070

INTS3 Antibody (C-Term) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 65123**Other Names**

Integrator complex subunit 3, Int3, SOSS complex subunit A, Sensor of single-strand DNA complex subunit A, SOSS-A, Sensor of ssDNA subunit A, INTS3, C1orf193, C1orf60

Target/Specificity

This INTS3 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1000-1034 amino acids from human INTS3.

Dilution

WB~~1:2000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

INTS3 Antibody (C-Term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

INTS3 Antibody (C-Term) - Protein Information

Name INTS3 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:29471365, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:26153}

Function Component of the integrator complex, a multiprotein complex that terminates RNA

polymerase II (Pol II) transcription in the promoter-proximal region of genes (PubMed:[38570683](#)). The integrator complex provides a quality checkpoint during transcription elongation by driving premature transcription termination of transcripts that are unfavorably configured for transcriptional elongation: the complex terminates transcription by (1) catalyzing dephosphorylation of the C- terminal domain (CTD) of Pol II subunit POLR2A/RPB1 and SUPT5H/SPT5, (2) degrading the exiting nascent RNA transcript via endonuclease activity and (3) promoting the release of Pol II from bound DNA (PubMed:[38570683](#)). The integrator complex is also involved in terminating the synthesis of non-coding Pol II transcripts, such as enhancer RNAs (eRNAs), small nuclear RNAs (snRNAs), telomerase RNAs and long non-coding RNAs (lncRNAs) (PubMed:[16239144](#)). Within the integrator complex, INTS3 is involved in the post-termination step: INTS3 binds INTS7 in the open conformation of integrator complex and prevents the rebinding of Pol II to the integrator after termination cycle (PubMed:[38570683](#)). Mediates recruitment of cytoplasmic dynein to the nuclear envelope, probably as component of the integrator complex (PubMed:[23904267](#)).

Cellular Location

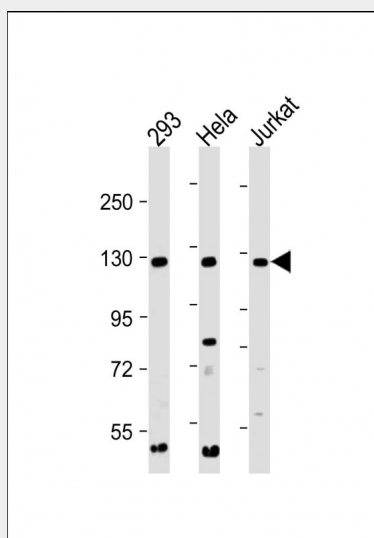
Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Localizes to nuclear foci following DNA damage.

INTS3 Antibody (C-Term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

INTS3 Antibody (C-Term) - Images



All lanes : Anti-INTS3 Antibody (C-Term) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: 293 whole cell lysate Lane 2: HeLa whole cell lysate Lane 3: Jurkat whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 118 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

INTS3 Antibody (C-Term) - Background

Component of the Integrator complex. The Integrator complex is involved in the small nuclear RNAs (snRNA) U1 and U2 transcription and in their 3'-box-dependent processing. The Integrator complex is associated with the C-terminal domain (CTD) of RNA polymerase II largest subunit (POLR2A) and is recruited to the U1 and U2 snRNAs genes.

INTS3 Antibody (C-Term) - References

Bechtel S.,et al.BMC Genomics 8:399-399(2007).
Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).
Gregory S.G.,et al.Nature 441:315-321(2006).
Mural R.J.,et al.Submitted (SEP-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
Baillat D.,et al.Cell 123:265-276(2005).