

CANX Antibody (C-Term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP22286b

Specification

CANX Antibody (C-Term) - Product Information

Application WB, FC, IHC-P,E

Primary Accession P27824

Other Accession <u>P24643</u>, <u>P35564</u>, <u>Q5R440</u>, <u>P35565</u>

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Predicted Mouse, Rat
Host Rabbit
Clonality polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW 67568

CANX Antibody (C-Term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 821

Other Names

Calnexin, IP90, Major histocompatibility complex class I antigen-binding protein p88, p90, CANX

Target/Specificity

This CANX antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 560-592 amino acids from human CANX.

Dilution

WB~~1:2000 FC~~1:25 IHC-P~~1:25

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

CANX Antibody (C-Term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CANX Antibody (C-Term) - Protein Information

Name CANX



Function Calcium-binding protein that interacts with newly synthesized monoglucosylated glycoproteins in the endoplasmic reticulum. It may act in assisting protein assembly and/or in the retention within the ER of unassembled protein subunits. It seems to play a major role in the quality control apparatus of the ER by the retention of incorrectly folded proteins. Associated with partial T-cell antigen receptor complexes that escape the ER of immature thymocytes, it may function as a signaling complex regulating thymocyte maturation. Additionally it may play a role in

Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Mitochondrion membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P24643}; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Melanosome membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Note=Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV (PubMed:12643545, PubMed:17081065). The palmitoylated form preferentially localizes to the perinuclear rough ER (PubMed:22314232) Localizes to endoplasmic reticulum mitochondria-associated membrane (MAMs) that connect the endoplasmic reticulum and the mitochondria (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P24643, ECO:0000269|PubMed:12643545, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17081065, ECO:0000269|PubMed:22314232}

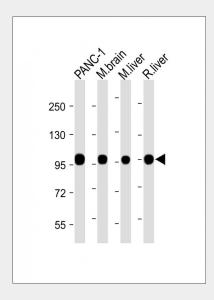
CANX Antibody (C-Term) - Protocols

receptor-mediated endocytosis at the synapse.

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

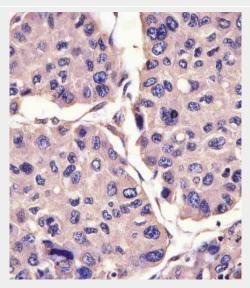
CANX Antibody (C-Term) - Images



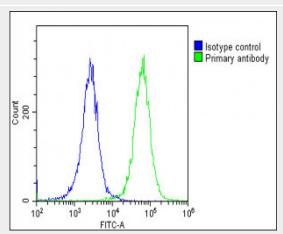
All lanes : Anti-CANX Antibody (C-Term) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: PANC-1 lysate Lane 2: Mouse brain lysate Lane 3: Mouse liver lysate Lane 4: Rat liver lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 μ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band



size: 68 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



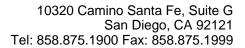
AP22286b staining CANX in human hepatocarcinoma sections by Immunohistochemistry (IHC-P - paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin-embedded sections). Tissue was fixed with formaldehyde and blocked with 3% BSA for 0. 5 hour at room temperature; antigen retrieval was by heat mediation with a citrate buffer (pH6). Samples were incubated with primary antibody (1/25) for 1 hours at 37°C. A undiluted biotinylated goat polyvalent antibody was used as the secondary antibody.



Overlay histogram showing HeLa cells stained with AP22286b(green line). The cells were fixed with 2% paraformaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with 90% methanol for 10 min. The cells were then icubated in 2% bovine serum albumin to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (AP22286b, 1:25 dilution) for 60 min at 37 $^{\circ}$ C. The secondary antibody used was Goat-Anti-Rabbit IgG, DyLight® 488 Conjugated Highly Cross-Adsorbed(OE188374) at 1/200 dilution for 40 min at 37 $^{\circ}$ C. Isotype control antibody (blue line) was rabbit IgG1 (1 μ g/1x10 $^{\circ}$ 6 cells) used under the same conditions. Acquisition of >10, 000 events was performed.

CANX Antibody (C-Term) - Background

Calcium-binding protein that interacts with newly synthesized glycoproteins in the endoplasmic reticulum. It may act in assisting protein assembly and/or in the retention within the ER of unassembled protein subunits. It seems to play a major role in the quality control apparatus of the ER by the retention of incorrectly folded proteins. Associated with partial T-cell antigen receptor complexes that escape the ER of immature thymocytes, it may function as a signaling complex regulating thymocyte maturation. Additionally it may play a role in receptor- mediated endocytosis at the synapse.





CANX Antibody (C-Term) - References

David V.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 268:9585-9592(1993). Tjoelker L.W.,et al.Biochemistry 33:3229-3236(1994). Honore B.,et al.Electrophoresis 15:482-490(1994). Hansen J.J.,et al.Submitted (FEB-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).