

**Androgen receptor**  
**Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP22418a****Specification**

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**Androgen receptor - Product Information**

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P10275</a>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit Ig
Calculated MW	99188

**Androgen receptor - Additional Information****Gene ID** 367**Other Names**

Androgen receptor, Dihydrotestosterone receptor, Nuclear receptor subfamily 3 group C member 4, AR, DHTR, NR3C4

**Target/Specificity**

This antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between amino acids from human.

**Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

Androgen receptor is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**Androgen receptor - Protein Information****Name** AR**Synonyms** DHTR, NR3C4**Function** Steroid hormone receptors are ligand-activated transcription factors that regulate

eukaryotic gene expression and affect cellular proliferation and differentiation in target tissues (PubMed:[19022849](#)). Transcription factor activity is modulated by bound coactivator and corepressor proteins like ZBTB7A that recruits NCOR1 and NCOR2 to the androgen response elements/ARE on target genes, negatively regulating androgen receptor signaling and androgen-induced cell proliferation (PubMed:[20812024](#)). Transcription activation is also down-regulated by NR0B2. Activated, but not phosphorylated, by HIPK3 and ZIPK/DAPK3.

#### Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm Note=Detected at the promoter of target genes (PubMed:25091737) Predominantly cytoplasmic in unligated form but translocates to the nucleus upon ligand-binding. Can also translocate to the nucleus in unligated form in the presence of RACK1.

#### Tissue Location

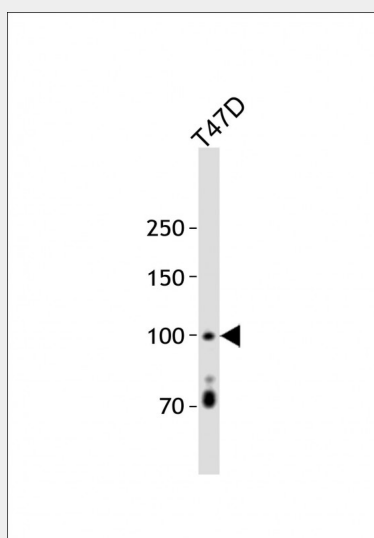
[Isoform 2]: Mainly expressed in heart and skeletal muscle.

### Androgen receptor - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### Androgen receptor - Images



All lanes: Anti-Androgen receptor at 1:1000 dilution + T47D whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary: Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated (ASP1615) at 1/15000 dilution. Observed band size: 99 KDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDm/TBST.

### Androgen receptor - Background

Steroid hormone receptors are ligand-activated transcription factors that regulate eukaryotic gene

expression and affect cellular proliferation and differentiation in target tissues (PubMed:19022849). Transcription factor activity is modulated by bound coactivator and corepressor proteins like ZBTB7A that recruits NCOR1 and NCOR2 to the androgen response elements/ARE on target genes, negatively regulating androgen receptor signaling and androgen-induced cell proliferation (PubMed:20812024). Transcription activation is also down-regulated by NR0B2. Activated, but not phosphorylated, by HIPK3 and ZIPK/DAPK3.

### **Androgen receptor - References**

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Tilley W.D.,et al.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 86:327-331(1989).  
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Govindan M.V.,et al.Mol. Endocrinol. 4:417-427(1990).