

FNTA Antibody (C-term)
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP2420b**Specification**

FNTA Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P,E
Primary Accession	P49354
Other Accession	Q04631 , Q61239 , P29702
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Bovine, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Antigen Region	330-360

FNTA Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 2339**Other Names**

Protein farnesyltransferase/geranylgeranyltransferase type-1 subunit alpha, CAAX farnesyltransferase subunit alpha, FTase-alpha, Ras proteins prenyltransferase subunit alpha, Type I protein geranyl-geranyltransferase subunit alpha, GGTase-I-alpha, FNTA

Target/Specificity

This FNTA antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 330-360 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human FNTA.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000
IHC-P~~1:50~100
E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

FNTA Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

FNTA Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

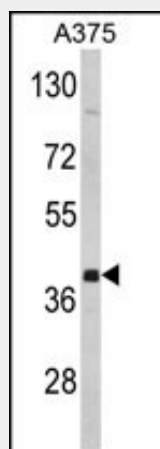
Name FNTA

Function Essential subunit of both the farnesyltransferase and the geranylgeranyltransferase complex. Contributes to the transfer of a farnesyl or geranylgeranyl moiety from farnesyl or geranylgeranyl diphosphate to a cysteine at the fourth position from the C-terminus of several proteins having the C-terminal sequence Cys-aliphatic- aliphatic-X. May positively regulate neuromuscular junction development downstream of MUSK via its function in RAC1 prenylation and activation.

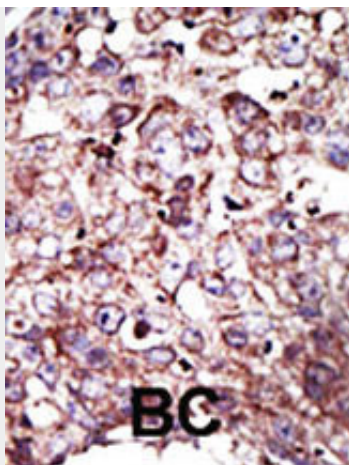
FNTA Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

FNTA Antibody (C-term) - Images

Western blot analysis of hFNTA-A345 (Cat. #AP2420b) in A375 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). FNTA (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma.

FNTA Antibody (C-term) - Background

FNTA, also known as CAAX farnesyltransferase (FTase), attaches a farnesyl group from farnesyl pyrophosphate to cysteine residues at the fourth position from the C terminus of proteins that end in the so-called CAAX box, where C is cysteine, A is usually but not always an aliphatic amino acid, and X is typically methionine or serine. This type of posttranslational modification provides a mechanism for membrane localization of proteins that lack a transmembrane domain. This enzyme has the remarkable property of farnesylating peptides as short as four residues in length that conform to the CAAX consensus sequence.

FNTA is also a specific cytoplasmic interactor of the transforming growth factor-beta and activin type I receptors. It is likely to be a key component of the signaling pathway which involves p21ras, an important substrate for farnesyltransferase.

FNTA Antibody (C-term) - References

Wang, T., et al., Science 271(5252):1120-1122 (1996).
Zhang, F.L., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 269(5):3175-3180 (1994).
Andres, D.A., et al., Genomics 18(1):105-112 (1993).
Omer, C.A., et al., Biochemistry 32(19):5167-5176 (1993).

FNTA Antibody (C-term) - Citations

- [Upregulation of geranylgeranyltransferase I in bronchial smooth muscle of mouse experimental asthma: its inhibition by lovastatin.](#)