

# **ACTR3 Antibody (C-term)**

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP2891b

# **Specification**

# **ACTR3 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information**

Application FC, IHC-P, WB,E

Primary Accession P61158

Other Accession <u>Q4V7C7</u>, <u>Q99IY9</u>, <u>Q90WD0</u>, <u>P61157</u>, <u>Q801P7</u>,

A0A1L8EV45

Reactivity Human

Predicted Xenopus, Bovine, Chicken, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW 47371
Antigen Region 380-407

# **ACTR3 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information**

### **Gene ID 10096**

# **Other Names**

Actin-related protein 3, Actin-like protein 3, ACTR3, ARP3

# Target/Specificity

This ACTR3 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 380-407 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human ACTR3.

#### **Dilution**

FC~~1:10~50 IHC-P~~1:50~100 WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

## **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

## **Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

ACTR3 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# **ACTR3 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information**



### Name ACTR3

### Synonyms ARP3

**Function** ATP-binding component of the Arp2/3 complex, a multiprotein complex that mediates actin polymerization upon stimulation by nucleation-promoting factor (NPF) (PubMed:9000076). The Arp2/3 complex mediates the formation of branched actin networks in the cytoplasm, providing the force for cell motility (PubMed:9000076). Seems to contact the pointed end of the daughter actin filament (PubMed:9000076). In podocytes, required for the formation of lamellipodia downstream of AVIL and PLCE1 regulation (PubMed:29058690). In addition to its role in the cytoplasmic cytoskeleton, the Arp2/3 complex also promotes actin polymerization in the nucleus, thereby regulating gene transcription and repair of damaged DNA (PubMed:17220302, PubMed:29925947). The Arp2/3 complex promotes homologous recombination (HR) repair in response to DNA damage by promoting nuclear actin polymerization, leading to drive motility of double-strand breaks (DSBs) (PubMed:29925947). Plays a role in ciliogenesis (PubMed:20393563).

#### **Cellular Location**

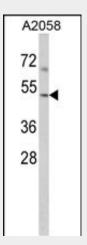
Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cell projection. Nucleus. Note=In pre- apoptotic cells, colocalizes with MEFV in large specks (pyroptosomes) (PubMed:19109554)

## **ACTR3 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

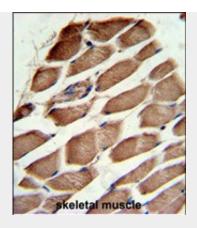
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# **ACTR3 Antibody (C-term) - Images**

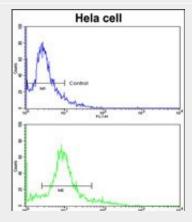


Western blot analysis of ACTR3 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP2891b) in A2058 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). ACTR3 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.





Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human skeletal muscle reacted with ACTR3 Antibody (C-term), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



Flow cytometric analysis of hela cells using ACTR3 Antibody (C-term)(bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

## ACTR3 Antibody (C-term) - Background

ACTR3 is known to be a major constituent of the ARP2/3 complex. This complex is located at the cell surface and is essential to cell shape and motility through lamellipodial actin assembly and protrusion.

# **ACTR3 Antibody (C-term) - References**

Weisswange, I., et. al., Nature 458 (7234), 87-91 (2009)