

Phospho-CDK2(T14) Antibody
Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP3613a

Specification

Phospho-CDK2(T14) Antibody - Product Information

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Application | DB,E |
| Primary Accession | P24941 |
| Other Accession | Q80YP0 , Q00526 , P23437 , Q63699 , P97377 , O55076 , Q5E9Y0 |
| Reactivity | Human |
| Predicted | Bovine, Hamster, Mouse, Rat, Xenopus |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Isotype | Rabbit IgG |
| Calculated MW | 33930 |

Phospho-CDK2(T14) Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 1017

Other Names

Cyclin-dependent kinase 2, Cell division protein kinase 2, p33 protein kinase, CDK2, CDKN2

Target/Specificity

This CDK2 Antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to amino acid residues surrounding T14 of human CDK2.

Dilution

DB~~1:500

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Phospho-CDK2(T14) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Phospho-CDK2(T14) Antibody - Protein Information

Name CDK2

Synonyms CDKN2

Function Serine/threonine-protein kinase involved in the control of the cell cycle; essential for meiosis, but dispensable for mitosis (PubMed:[10499802](#), PubMed:[10884347](#), PubMed:[10995386](#), PubMed:[10995387](#), PubMed:[11051553](#), PubMed:[11113184](#), PubMed:[12944431](#), PubMed:[15800615](#), PubMed:[17495531](#), PubMed:[19966300](#), PubMed:[20935635](#), PubMed:[21262353](#), PubMed:[21596315](#), PubMed:[28216226](#), PubMed:[28666995](#)). Phosphorylates CABLES1, CTNNB1, CDK2AP2, ERCC6, NBN, USP37, p53/TP53, NPM1, CDK7, RB1, BRCA2, MYC, NPAT, EZH2 (PubMed:[10499802](#), PubMed:[10995386](#), PubMed:[10995387](#), PubMed:[11051553](#), PubMed:[11113184](#), PubMed:[12944431](#), PubMed:[15800615](#), PubMed:[19966300](#), PubMed:[20935635](#), PubMed:[21262353](#), PubMed:[21596315](#), PubMed:[28216226](#)). Triggers duplication of centrosomes and DNA (PubMed:[11051553](#)). Acts at the G1-S transition to promote the E2F transcriptional program and the initiation of DNA synthesis, and modulates G2 progression; controls the timing of entry into mitosis/meiosis by controlling the subsequent activation of cyclin B/CDK1 by phosphorylation, and coordinates the activation of cyclin B/CDK1 at the centrosome and in the nucleus (PubMed:[18372919](#), PubMed:[19238148](#), PubMed:[19561645](#)). Crucial role in orchestrating a fine balance between cellular proliferation, cell death, and DNA repair in embryonic stem cells (ESCs) (PubMed:[18372919](#), PubMed:[19238148](#), PubMed:[19561645](#)). Activity of CDK2 is maximal during S phase and G2; activated by interaction with cyclin E during the early stages of DNA synthesis to permit G1-S transition, and subsequently activated by cyclin A2 (cyclin A1 in germ cells) during the late stages of DNA replication to drive the transition from S phase to mitosis, the G2 phase (PubMed:[18372919](#), PubMed:[19238148](#), PubMed:[19561645](#)). EZH2 phosphorylation promotes H3K27me3 maintenance and epigenetic gene silencing (PubMed:[20935635](#)). Cyclin E/CDK2 prevents oxidative stress-mediated Ras-induced senescence by phosphorylating MYC (PubMed:[19966300](#)). Involved in G1-S phase DNA damage checkpoint that prevents cells with damaged DNA from initiating mitosis; regulates homologous recombination-dependent repair by phosphorylating BRCA2, this phosphorylation is low in S phase when recombination is active, but increases as cells progress towards mitosis (PubMed:[15800615](#), PubMed:[20195506](#), PubMed:[21319273](#)). In response to DNA damage, double-strand break repair by homologous recombination a reduction of CDK2-mediated BRCA2 phosphorylation (PubMed:[15800615](#)). Involved in regulation of telomere repair by mediating phosphorylation of NBN (PubMed:[28216226](#)). Phosphorylation of RB1 disturbs its interaction with E2F1 (PubMed:[10499802](#)). NPM1 phosphorylation by cyclin E/CDK2 promotes its dissociates from unduplicated centrosomes, thus initiating centrosome duplication (PubMed:[11051553](#)). Cyclin E/CDK2-mediated phosphorylation of NPAT at G1-S transition and until prophase stimulates the NPAT-mediated activation of histone gene transcription during S phase (PubMed:[10995386](#), PubMed:[10995387](#)). Required for vitamin D-mediated growth inhibition by being itself inactivated (PubMed:[20147522](#)). Involved in the nitric oxide- (NO) mediated signaling in a nitrosylation/activation-dependent manner (PubMed:[20079829](#)). USP37 is activated by phosphorylation and thus triggers G1-S transition (PubMed:[21596315](#)). CTNNB1 phosphorylation regulates insulin internalization (PubMed:[21262353](#)). Phosphorylates FOXP3 and negatively regulates its transcriptional activity and protein stability (By similarity). Phosphorylates ERCC6 which is essential for its chromatin remodeling activity at DNA double-strand breaks (PubMed:[29203878](#)). Acts as a regulator of the phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase/protein kinase B signal transduction by mediating phosphorylation of the C-terminus of protein kinase B (PKB/AKT1 and PKB/AKT2), promoting its activation (PubMed:[24670654](#)).

Cellular Location

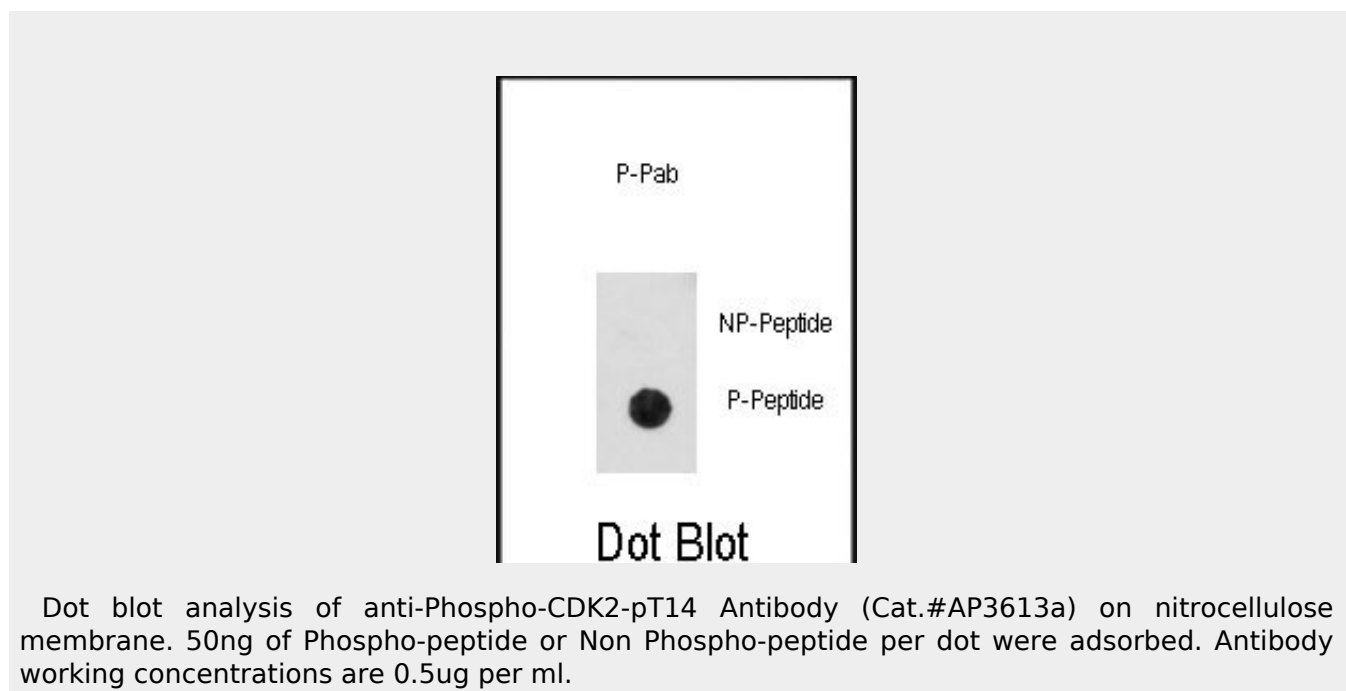
Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Nucleus, Cajal body. Cytoplasm. Endosome Note=Localized at the centrosomes in late G2 phase after separation of the centrosomes but before the start of prophase. Nuclear-cytoplasmic trafficking is mediated during the inhibition by 1,25-(OH)(2)D(3)

Phospho-CDK2(T14) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Phospho-CDK2(T14) Antibody - Images



Phospho-CDK2(T14) Antibody - Background

CDK2 is a member of the Ser/Thr protein kinase family. This protein kinase is highly similar to the gene products of *S. cerevisiae* cdc28, and *S. pombe* cdc2. It is a catalytic subunit of the cyclin-dependent protein kinase complex, whose activity is restricted to the G1-S phase, and essential for cell cycle G1/S phase transition. This protein associates with and regulated by the regulatory subunits of the complex including cyclin A or E, CDK inhibitor p21Cip1 (CDKN1A) and p27Kip1 (CDKN1B). Its activity is also regulated by its protein phosphorylation.

Phospho-CDK2(T14) Antibody - References

Elledge S.J., Spottswood M.R.EMBO J. 10:2653-2659(1991)
Tsai L.-H., Harlow E., Meyerson M.Nature 353:174-177(1991)
Ninomiya-Tsuji J., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 88:9006-9010(1991)
Gu Y., Rosenblatt J., O'Morgan D.O.EMBO J. 11:3995-4005(1992)