

MTR1B Antibody
Affinity-Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP50045**Specification**

MTR1B Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P49286
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	40 KDa
Antigen Region	21-50

MTR1B Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 4544**Other Names**

Melatonin receptor type 1B, Mel-1B-R, Mel1b receptor, MTNR1B

Dilution

WB~~ 1:1000

FormatRabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg²⁺ and Ca²⁺), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% glycerol.**Storage Conditions**

-20°C

MTR1B Antibody - Protein Information**Name** MTNR1B**Function**

High affinity receptor for melatonin. Likely to mediate the reproductive and circadian actions of melatonin. The activity of this receptor is mediated by pertussis toxin sensitive G proteins that inhibit adenylate cyclase activity.

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

Tissue Location

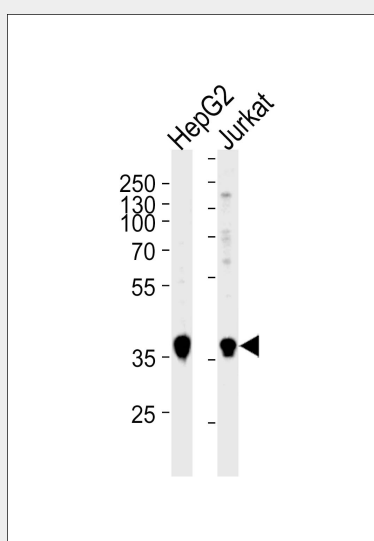
Expressed in retina and less in brain and hippocampus.

MTR1B Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

MTR1B Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from HepG2, Jurkat cell line (from left to right), using MTR1B Antibody (G399). G399 was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysates at 35 µg per lane.

MTR1B Antibody - Background

High affinity receptor for melatonin. Likely to mediate the reproductive and circadian actions of melatonin. The activity of this receptor is mediated by pertussis toxin sensitive G proteins that inhibit adenylate cyclase activity.

MTR1B Antibody - References

Reppert S.M., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 92:8734-8738 (1995).
Ebisawa T., et al. Neurosci. Lett. 280:29-32 (2000).
King M.M., et al. Submitted (JAN-2004) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.