

PTRF Antibody
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP50762**Specification**

PTRF Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	Q6NZI2
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	43,33,23 KDa
Antigen Region	278-301

PTRF Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 284119**Other Names**

Polymerase I and transcript release factor, Cavin-1, PTRF {ECO:0000312|EMBL:AAH661231}

Dilution

WB~~ 1:1000

FormatRabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg²⁺ and Ca²⁺), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% glycerol.**Storage Conditions**

-20°C

PTRF Antibody - Protein Information**Name** CAVIN1 ([HGNC:9688](#))**Synonyms** PTRF**Function**

Plays an important role in caveolae formation and organization. Essential for the formation of caveolae in all tissues (PubMed:18056712, PubMed:18191225, PubMed:19726876). Core component of the CAVIN complex which is essential for recruitment of the complex to the caveolae in presence of calveolin-1 (CAV1). Essential for normal oligomerization of CAV1. Promotes ribosomal transcriptional activity in response to metabolic challenges in the adipocytes and plays an important role in the formation of the ribosomal transcriptional loop. Dissociates transcription complexes paused by DNA-bound TTF1, thereby releasing both RNA polymerase I and pre-RNA from the template (By similarity) (PubMed:18056712, PubMed:18191225, PubMed:19726876). The caveolae biogenesis pathway is required for the secretion of proteins such as GASK1A (By similarity).

Cellular Location

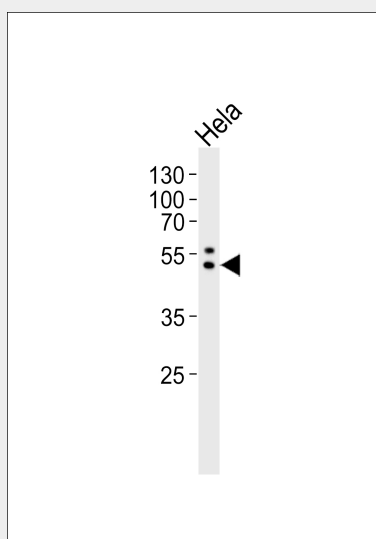
Membrane, caveola. Cell membrane. Microsome. Endoplasmic reticulum {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P85125}. Cytoplasm, cytosol. Mitochondrion. Nucleus Note=Translocates to the cytoplasm from the caveolae upon insulin stimulation (PubMed:17026959). Colocalizes with CAV1 in lipid rafts in adipocytes. Localizes in the caveolae in a caveolin-dependent manner (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O54724, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17026959}

PTRF Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

PTRF Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of lysate from HeLa cell line, using PTRF Antibody (AP50762). AP50762 was diluted at 1:1000. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysate at 35 µg.

PTRF Antibody - Background

Plays an important role in caveolae formation and organization. Required for the sequestration of mobile caveolin into immobile caveolae. Termination of transcription by RNA polymerase I involves pausing of transcription by TTF1, and the dissociation of the transcription complex, releasing

pre-rRNA and RNA polymerase I from the template. PTRF is required for dissociation of the ternary transcription complex.

PTRF Antibody - References

Wang Y.-G.,et al.Submitted (OCT-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).

Mural R.J.,et al.Submitted (JUL-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

Jansa P.,et al.EMBO J. 17:2855-2864(1998).

Aboulaich N.,et al.Biochem. J. 383:237-248(2004).