

**MOG Antibody**  
**Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP50860****Specification**

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**MOG Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q16653</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Guinea Pig
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	24 KDa
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from mouse MOG
Epitope Specificity	35-55/247
Isotype	IgG
<b>Purity</b>	
affinity purified by Protein A	
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SUBCELLULAR LOCATION	Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein (Potential).
SIMILARITY	Belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily. BTN/MOG family. Contains 1 Ig-like V-type (immunoglobulin-like) domain.
SUBUNIT	Homodimer. May form heterodimers between the different isoforms.
DISEASE	Defects in MOG are the cause of narcolepsy type 7 (NRCLP7) [MIM:614250]. Neurological disabling sleep disorder, characterized by excessive daytime sleepiness, sleep fragmentation, symptoms of abnormal rapid-eye-movement (REM) sleep, cataplexy, hypnagogic hallucinations, and sleep paralysis. Cataplexy is a sudden loss of muscle tone triggered by emotions, which is the most valuable clinical feature used to diagnose narcolepsy. Human narcolepsy is primarily a sporadically occurring disorder but familial clustering has been observed.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

**Background Descriptions**

The product of this gene is a membrane protein expressed on the oligodendrocyte cell surface and the outermost surface of myelin sheaths. Due to this localization, it is a primary target antigen

involved in immune-mediated demyelination. This protein may be involved in completion and maintenance of the myelin sheath and in cell-cell communication. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Antigen Region

**35-55/247**

## **MOG Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 4340

### **Other Names**

Myelin-oligodendrocyte glycoprotein, MOG

### **Target/Specificity**

Found exclusively in the CNS, where it is localized on the surface of myelin and oligodendrocyte cytoplasmic membranes.

### **Dilution**

<span class = "dilution\_WB">WB~~ 1:500</span><br \><span class = "dilution\_IHC-P">IHC-P~~N/A</span><br \><span class = "dilution\_IHC-F">IHC-F~~N/A</span><br \><span class = "dilution\_IF">IF~~1:50~200</span><br \><span class = "dilution\_ICC">ICC~~N/A</span><br \><span class = "dilution\_E">E~~N/A</span>

### **Format**

0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

### **Storage**

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

## **MOG Antibody - Protein Information**

**Name** MOG

### **Function**

Mediates homophilic cell-cell adhesion (By similarity). Minor component of the myelin sheath. May be involved in completion and/or maintenance of the myelin sheath and in cell-cell communication.

### **Cellular Location**

[Isoform 1]: Cell membrane; Multi- pass membrane protein [Isoform 2]: Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein [Isoform 4]: Cell membrane; Single- pass type I membrane protein [Isoform 7]: Cell membrane; Single- pass type I membrane protein [Isoform 9]: Cell membrane; Single- pass type I membrane protein

### **Tissue Location**

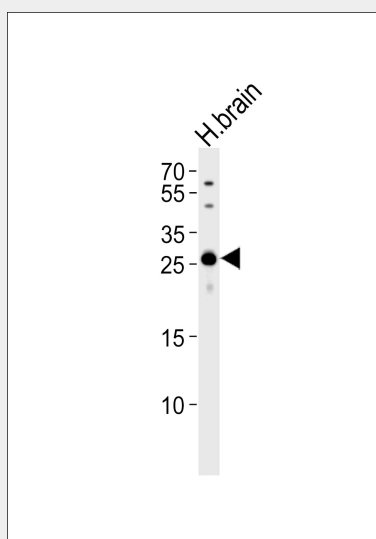
Found exclusively in the CNS, where it is localized on the surface of myelin and oligodendrocyte cytoplasmic membranes

## **MOG Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

#### **MOG Antibody - Images**



Western blot analysis of lysate from human brain tissue lysate, using MOG Antibody (AP50860). AP50860 was diluted at 1:500. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysate at 35ug.

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#### **MOG Antibody - References**

Hilton A.A., et al. J. Neurochem. 65:309-318 (1995).  
Pham-Dinh D., et al. J. Neurochem. 63:2353-2356 (1994).  
Roth M.-P., et al. Genomics 28:241-250 (1995).  
Pham-Dinh D., et al. Genomics 29:345-352 (1995).  
Ballenthin P.A., et al. J. Neurosci. Res. 46:271-281 (1996).