

### **AATF Antibody**

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP50944

### **Specification**

### **AATF Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB
Primary Accession O9NY61
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 63 KDa
Antigen Region 21 - 80

# **AATF Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID 26574** 

#### **Other Names**

Protein AATF, Apoptosis-antagonizing transcription factor, Rb-binding protein Che-1, AATF, CHE1, DED

# **Target/Specificity**

KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human AATF

### **Dilution**

WB~~ 1:1000

#### **Format**

0.01M PBS, pH 7.2, 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide, Glycerol 50%

# **Storage**

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

# **AATF Antibody - Protein Information**

Name AATF (HGNC:19235)

Synonyms CHE1, DED

#### **Function**

Part of the small subunit (SSU) processome, first precursor of the small eukaryotic ribosomal subunit. During the assembly of the SSU processome in the nucleolus, many ribosome biogenesis factors, an RNA chaperone and ribosomal proteins associate with the nascent pre- rRNA and work in concert to generate RNA folding, modifications, rearrangements and cleavage as well as targeted degradation of pre- ribosomal RNA by the RNA exosome (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34516797" target="\_blank">34516797</a>). May function as a general inhibitor of the histone deacetylase HDAC1. Binding to the pocket region of RB1 may



displace HDAC1 from RB1/E2F complexes, leading to activation of E2F target genes and cell cycle progression. Conversely, displacement of HDAC1 from SP1 bound to the CDKN1A promoter leads to increased expression of this CDK inhibitor and blocks cell cycle progression. Also antagonizes PAWR mediated induction of aberrant amyloid peptide production in Alzheimer disease (presenile and senile dementia), although the molecular basis for this phenomenon has not been described to date.

Cellular Location Nucleus, nucleolus

### **Tissue Location**

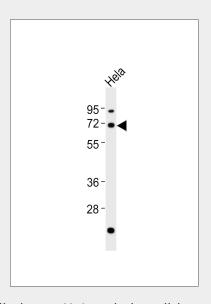
Ubiquitously expressed. Expressed at high levels in brain, heart, kidney, placenta and thymus

# **AATF Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescen</u>ce
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## **AATF Antibody - Images**



Anti-AATF Antibody at 1:1000 dilution + HeLa whole cell lysates Lysates/proteins at 20  $\mu$ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L),Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size : 63 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

### **AATF Antibody - Background**

May function as a general inhibitor of the histone deacetylase HDAC1. Binding to the pocket region of RB1 may displace HDAC1 from RB1/E2F complexes, leading to activation of E2F target genes and cell cycle progression. Conversely, displacement of HDAC1 from SP1 bound to the CDKN1A







promoter leads to increased expression of this CDK inhibitor and blocks cell cycle progression. Also antagonizes PAWR mediated induction of aberrant amyloid peptide production in Alzheimer disease (presenile and senile dementia), although the molecular basis for this phenomenon has not been described to date.

## **AATF Antibody - References**

Lindfors K.,et al.Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 276:660-666(2000). Fanciulli M.,et al.FASEB J. 14:904-912(2000). Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Zody M.C.,et al.Nature 440:1045-1049(2006). Mural R.J.,et al.Submitted (JUL-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.