

CaMKIV Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab)
Catalog # AP52730

Specification

CaMKIV Antibody - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession Q16566
Reactivity Human
Host Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal
Isotype IgG2a
Calculated MW 55 KDa

CaMKIV Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 814

Other Names

Brain Ca(2) calmodulin dependent protein kinase type 4;Brain Ca(2) calmodulin dependent protein kinase type IV;Brain Ca -calmodulin dependent protein kinase type IV;Calcium / calmodulin dependent protein kinase type 4 catalytic chain;Calcium / calmodulin dependent protein kinase type IV catalytic chain; Calcium/calmodulin dependent protein kinase IV;Calcium/calmodulin dependent protein kinase type IV;Calcium/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase type IV;CAM kinase 4;CAM kinase GR;CAM kinase IV;CAM kinase-GR;CaMK 4;CAMK GR;CaMK IV;KCC4_HUMAN; MGC36771.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified mouse monoclonal in buffer containing 0.1M Tris-Glycine (pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl) with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide, 50%, glycerol

Storage

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

CaMKIV Antibody - Protein Information

Name CAMK4

Synonyms CAMK, CAMK-GR, CAMKIV

Function

Calcium/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase that operates in the calcium-triggered CaMKK-CaMK4 signaling cascade and regulates, mainly by phosphorylation, the activity of several transcription activators, such as CREB1, MEF2D, JUN and RORA, which play pivotal roles in immune response, inflammation, and memory consolidation. In the thymus, regulates the CD4(+)/CD8(+)



double positive thymocytes selection threshold during T-cell ontogeny. In CD4 memory T-cells, is required to link T-cell antigen receptor (TCR) signaling to the production of IL2, IFNG and IL4 (through the regulation of CREB and MEF2). Regulates the differentiation and survival phases of osteoclasts and dendritic cells (DCs). Mediates DCs survival by linking TLR4 and the regulation of temporal expression of BCL2. Phosphorylates the transcription activator CREB1 on 'Ser-133' in hippocampal neuron nuclei and contribute to memory consolidation and long term potentiation (LTP) in the hippocampus. Can activate the MAP kinases MAPK1/ERK2, MAPK8/JNK1 and MAPK14/p38 and stimulate transcription through the phosphorylation of ELK1 and ATF2. Can also phosphorylate in vitro CREBBP, PRM2, MEF2A and STMN1/OP18.

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Localized in hippocampal neuron nuclei. In spermatids, associated with chromatin and nuclear matrix (By similarity).

Tissue Location

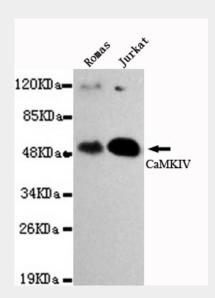
Expressed in brain, thymus, CD4 T-cells, testis and epithelial ovarian cancer tissue.

CaMKIV Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

CaMKIV Antibody - Images



Western blot detection of CaMKIV in Romas and Jurkat cell lysates using CaMKIV mouse mAb (1:1000 diluted). Predicted band size:52KDa. Observed band size:55KDa.

CaMKIV Antibody - Background





Calcium/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase that operates in the calcium-triggered CaMKK-CaMK4 signaling cascade and regulates, mainly by phosphorylation, the activity of several transcription activators, such as CREB1, MEF2D, JUN and RORA, which play pivotal roles in immune response, inflammation, and memory consolidation. In the thymus, regulates the CD4(+)/CD8(+) double positive thymocytes selection threshold during T-cell ontogeny. In CD4 memory T-cells, is required to link T-cell antigen receptor (TCR) signaling to the production of IL2, IFNG and IL4 (through the regulation of CREB and MEF2). Regulates the differentiation and survival phases of osteoclasts and dendritic cells (DCs). Mediates DCs survival by linking TLR4 and the regulation of temporal expression of BCL2. Phosphorylates the transcription activator CREB1 on 'Ser-133' in hippocampal neuron nuclei and contribute to memory consolidation and long term potentiation (LTP) in the hippocampus. Can activate the MAP kinases MAPK1/ERK2, MAPK8/JNK1 and MAPK14/p38 and stimulate transcription through the phosphorylation of ELK1 and ATF2. Can also phosphorylate in vitro CREBBP, PRM2, MEF2A and STMN1/OP18.

CaMKIV Antibody - References

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