

## DR5 Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab) Catalog # AP52786

## Specification

# **DR5 Antibody - Product Information**

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW WB, ICC <u>014763</u> Human, Mouse Mouse Monoclonal IgG1 48 KDa

## DR5 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 8795

**Other Names** 

Fas like protein;Apoptosis inducing protein TRICK2A/2B;Apoptosis inducing receptor TRAIL R2;CD 262;CD262;CD262 antigen;Cytotoxic TRAIL receptor 2;Death domain containing receptor for TRAIL/Apo 2L;Death domain containing receptor for TRAIL/Apo2L;Death receptor 5;DR 5;DR5;Fas like protein precursor;KILLER;KILLER/DR5;OTTHUMP00000123492; OTTHUMP00000123493;p53 regulated DNA damage inducible cell death receptor (killer);p53 regulated DNA damage inducible cell death receptor (killer);p53 regulated DNA damage inducible cell death receptor (killer);p53 regulated DNA damage inducible cell death receptor 2;TNF related apoptosis inducing ligand receptor 2;TNF related apoptosis-inducing ligand receptor 2;TNF-related apoptosis-inducing ligand receptor 2;TNF related apoptosis inducing ligand receptor 2;TNF related apoptosis-inducing ligand receptor 2;TNF related apoptosis inducing ligand receptor 2;TNF related apoptosis-inducing ligand receptor 2;TNF related apoptosis inducing ligand receptor 2;TNF related apoptosis

2;TRAIL-R2;TRAILR2;TRANCER;TRICK2;TRICK2A;TRICK2B;TRICKB;Tumor necrosis factor receptor like protein ZTNFR9;Tumor necrosis factor receptor like protein ZTNFR9;Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10b;Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily, member 10b;ZTNFR9.

**Dilution** WB~~1:500-1:2000 ICC~~1:100

**Format** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide, pH 7.3.

Storage

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

### **DR5 Antibody - Protein Information**

Name TNFRSF10B

Synonyms DR5, KILLER, TRAILR2, TRICK2, ZTNFR9



### Function

Receptor for the cytotoxic ligand TNFSF10/TRAIL (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10549288" target="\_blank">10549288</a>). The adapter molecule FADD recruits caspase-8 to the activated receptor. The resulting death-inducing signaling complex (DISC) performs caspase-8 proteolytic activation which initiates the subsequent cascade of caspases (aspartate-specific cysteine proteases) mediating apoptosis. Promotes the activation of NF-kappa-B. Essential for ER stress-induced apoptosis.

### **Cellular Location**

Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein.

#### **Tissue Location**

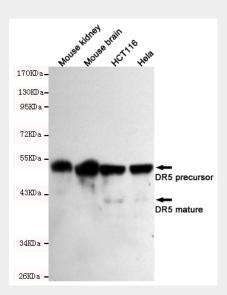
Widely expressed in adult and fetal tissues; very highly expressed in tumor cell lines such as HeLaS3, K-562, HL-60, SW480, A-549 and G-361; highly expressed in heart, peripheral blood lymphocytes, liver, pancreas, spleen, thymus, prostate, ovary, uterus, placenta, testis, esophagus, stomach and throughout the intestinal tract; not detectable in brain

### **DR5 Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

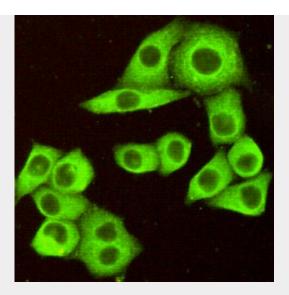
- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

# DR5 Antibody - Images



Western blot detection of DR5 in Mouse kindey, Mouse brain, HCT116 and Hela cell lysates using DR5 mouse mAb (1:500-1:2000 diluted). Predicted band size: 40/48KDa. Observed band size: 40/48KDa.





Immunocytochemistry of HeLa cells fixed by Paraformaldehyde and using DR5 mouse mAb diluted 1:100.

# DR5 Antibody - Background

Receptor for the cytotoxic ligand TNFSF10/TRAIL. The adapter molecule FADD recruits caspase-8 to the activated receptor. The resulting death-inducing signaling complex (DISC) performs caspase-8 proteolytic activation which initiates the subsequent cascade of caspases (aspartate-specific cysteine proteases) mediating apoptosis. Promotes the activation of NF-kappa-B. Essential for ER stress-induced apoptosis.

## DR5 Antibody - References

Screaton G.R., et al.Curr. Biol. 7:693-696(1997). Walczak H., et al.EMBO J. 16:5386-5397(1997). Schneider P., et al.FEBS Lett. 416:329-334(1997). Chaudhary P.M., et al.Immunity 7:821-830(1997). MacFarlane M., et al.J. Biol. Chem. 272:25417-25420(1997).