

Rabbit Anti-STRA6 antibody
Protein A-Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP53263**Specification****Rabbit Anti-STRA6 antibody - Product Information**

Application	IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E
Primary Accession	Q9BX79
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	74 KD KDa

Rabbit Anti-STRA6 antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 64220**Dilution**

IHC-P ~ ~ N/A
IHC-F ~ ~ N/A
IF ~ ~ 1:50 ~ 200
ICC ~ ~ N/A
E ~ ~ N/A

Format

0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Rabbit Anti-STRA6 antibody - Protein Information**Name** STRA6**Function**

Functions as a retinol transporter. Accepts all-trans retinol from the extracellular retinol-binding protein RBP4, facilitates retinol transport across the cell membrane, and then transfers retinol to the cytoplasmic retinol-binding protein RBP1 (PubMed: [18316031](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18316031), PubMed: [22665496](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22665496), PubMed: [9452451](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9452451)). Retinol uptake is enhanced by LRAT, an enzyme that converts retinol to all-trans retinyl esters, the storage forms of vitamin A (PubMed: [18316031](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18316031), PubMed: [22665496](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22665496)). Contributes to the activation of a signaling cascade that depends on retinol transport and LRAT-dependent generation of retinol metabolites that then trigger activation of JAK2 and its target STAT5, and ultimately increase the expression of SOCS3 and inhibit cellular responses to insulin (PubMed: [9452451](#))

[21368206](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21368206), PubMed:<[22665496](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22665496)>). Important for the homeostasis of vitamin A and its derivatives, such as retinoic acid (PubMed:<[18316031](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18316031)>). STRA6-mediated transport is particularly important in the eye, and under conditions of dietary vitamin A deficiency (Probable). Does not transport retinoic acid (PubMed:<[18316031](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18316031)>).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Note=In the retinal pigment epithelium localizes to the basolateral membrane. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q0V8E7}

Tissue Location

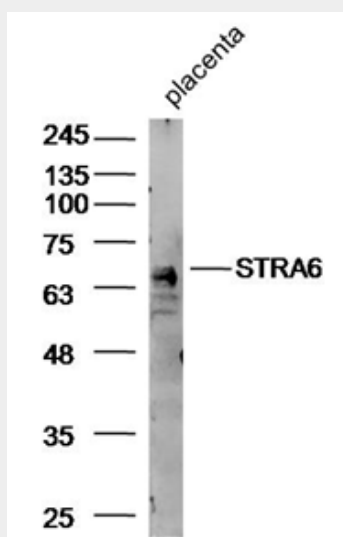
Broad expression. In adult eye expressed in sclera, retina, retinal pigment epithelium, and trabecular meshwork but not in choroid and iris.

Rabbit Anti-STRA6 antibody - Protocols

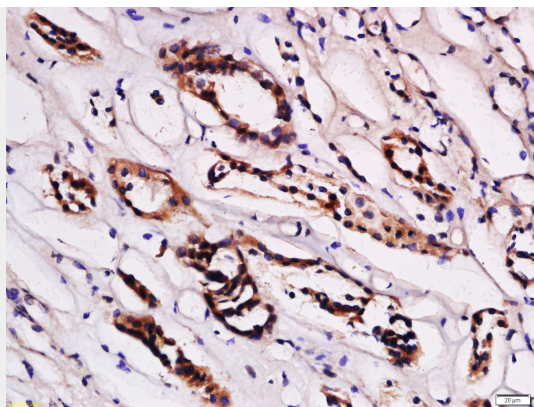
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Rabbit Anti-STRA6 antibody - Images



Tissue/cell: Placenta, primary antibody 1:300 overnight.



human kidney tissue; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded; Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer (0.01M, pH 6.0), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 20 min; Incubation: Anti-STRA6 Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated 1:200, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody and DABstaining.