

HMGA2 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP5359b

Specification

HMGA2 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application WB, FC,E Primary Accession P52926

Other Accession P52927, NP 003475.1, NP 003474.1

Reactivity
Predicted
Host
Clonality
Isotype
Calculated MW
Antigen Region

Human
Mouse
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW
11832
64-92

HMGA2 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 8091

Other Names

High mobility group protein HMGI-C, High mobility group AT-hook protein 2, HMGA2, HMGIC

Target/Specificity

This HMGA2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 64-92 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human HMGA2.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000 FC~~1:10~50

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

HMGA2 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

HMGA2 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name HMGA2





Synonyms HMGIC

Function Functions as a transcriptional regulator. Functions in cell cycle regulation through CCNA2. Plays an important role in chromosome condensation during the meiotic G2/M transition of spermatocytes. Plays a role in postnatal myogenesis, is involved in satellite cell activation (By similarity). Positively regulates IGF2 expression through PLAG1 and in a PLAG1-independent manner (PubMed: 28796236).

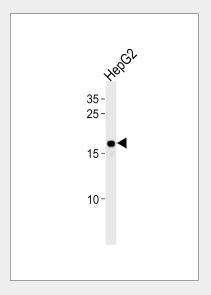
Cellular Location Nucleus.

HMGA2 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

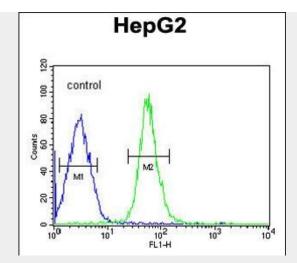
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

HMGA2 Antibody (C-term) - Images



HMGA2 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP5359b) western blot analysis in HepG2 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the HMGA2 antibody detected the HMGA2 protein (arrow).





HMGA2 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP5359b) flow cytometric analysis of HepG2 cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

HMGA2 Antibody (C-term) - Background

This gene encodes a protein that belongs to the non-histone chromosomal high mobility group (HMG) protein family. HMG proteins function as architectural factors and are essential components of the enhancesome. This protein contains structural DNA-binding domains and may act as a transcriptional regulating factor. Identification of the deletion, amplification, and rearrangement of this gene that are associated with myxoid liposarcoma suggests a role in adipogenesis and mesenchymal differentiation. A gene knock out study of the mouse counterpart demonstrated that this gene is involved in diet-induced obesity. Alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding different isoforms, have been characterized.

HMGA2 Antibody (C-term) - References

Mu, G., et al. Hum. Pathol. 41(4):493-502(2010)

Pillas, D., et al. PLoS Genet. 6 (2), E1000856 (2010):

Yang, T.L., et al. Ann. Hum. Genet. 74(1):11-16(2010)

Wei, J.J., et al. Am. J. Surg. Pathol. 34(1):18-26(2010)

Tay, Y., et al. Stem Cell Rev 5(4):328-333(2009)

Schwanbeck, R., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 275(3):1793-1801(2000)

Chau, K.Y., et al. Nucleic Acids Res. 23(21):4262-4266(1995)

Schoenmakers, E.F., et al. Nat. Genet. 10(4):436-444(1995)

Ashar, H.R., et al. Cell 82(1):57-65(1995)

Schoenmakers, E.F., et al. Genes Chromosomes Cancer 11(2):106-118(1994)

Manfioletti, G., et al. Nucleic Acids Res. 19(24):6793-6797(1991)

HMGA2 Antibody (C-term) - Citations

- Cr (VI) induced mitophagy via the interaction of HMGA2 and PARK2
- HMGA2 upregulation mediates Cd-induced migration and invasion in A549 cells and in lung tissues of mice.