

Anti-MAP126 Antibody

Catalog # AP53823

Specification

Anti-MAP126 Antibody - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession Q96R06
Reactivity Human, Rat
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 134422

Anti-MAP126 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 10615

Other Names

Sperm-associated antigen 5; Astrin; Deepest; Mitotic spindle-associated protein p126; MAP126

Target/Specificity

Recognizes endogenous levels of MAP126 protein.

Dilution

WB~~1/500 - 1/1000

Format

Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Anti-MAP126 Antibody - Protein Information

Name SPAG5

Function

Essential component of the mitotic spindle required for normal chromosome segregation and progression into anaphase (PubMed:11724960, PubMed:12356910, PubMed:27462074). Required for chromosome alignment, normal timing of sister chromatid segregation, and maintenance of spindle pole architecture (PubMed:17664331, PubMed:27462074). In complex with SKAP, promotes stable microtubule- kinetochore attachments. May contribute to the regulation of separase activity. May regulate AURKA localization to mitotic spindle, but not to centrosomes and CCNB1 localization to both mitotic spindle and centrosomes (PubMed:<a



href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18361916" target="_blank">18361916, PubMed:21402792). Involved in centriole duplication. Required for CDK5RAP2, CEP152, WDR62 and CEP63 centrosomal localization and promotes the centrosomal localization of CDK2 (PubMed:26297806). In non-mitotic cells, upon stress induction, inhibits mammalian target of rapamycin complex 1 (mTORC1) association and recruits the mTORC1 component RPTOR to stress granules (SGs), thereby preventing mTORC1 hyperactivation-induced apoptosis (PubMed:23953116). May enhance

GSK3B-mediated phosphorylation of other substrates, such as MAPT/TAU (PubMed:18055457).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle pole. Chromosome, centromere, kinetochore. Midbody Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome Cytoplasmic granule. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome, centriolar satellite Note=Colocalizes with PCM1 at centriolar satellites throughout the cell cycle (PubMed:26297806). In a punctate pattern in interphase cells During mitosis, detected at spindle poles during prophase, throughout the spindle in metaphase and anaphase, and at midzone microtubules in anaphase and telophase (PubMed:27462074). Efficient targeting to the mitotic spindle may depend upon phosphorylation by GSK3B. Detected on kinetochores of chromosomes that have congressed. The astrin (SPAG5)-kinastrin (SKAP) complex localizes to the microtubule plus ends (By similarity). In non-mitotic non-stressed cells, shows a microtubuli pattern. In arsenite-stressed cells, accumulates in stress granules {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:26297806, ECO:0000269|PubMed:27462074}

Tissue Location

Highly expressed in testis. Detected at low levels in placenta, liver, pancreas, thymus and colon

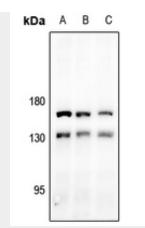
Anti-MAP126 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Anti-MAP126 Antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of MAP126 expression in Myla2059 (A), HEK293T (B), HuT78 (C) whole cell lysates.

Anti-MAP126 Antibody - Background

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to MAP126