

**IL1RAPL1 Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP54197****Specification**

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**IL1RAPL1 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC-P, FC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">O9NZN1</a>
Reactivity	Rat, Pig, Dog, Bovine
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	79969

**IL1RAPL1 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information****Gene ID** 11141**Other Names**

Interleukin-1 receptor accessory protein-like 1, IL-1-RAPL-1, IL-1RAPL-1, IL1RAPL-1, 3.2.2.6 {ECO:0000255|PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00204}, Oligophrenin-4, Three immunoglobulin domain-containing IL-1 receptor-related 2, TIGIRR-2, X-linked interleukin-1 receptor accessory protein-like 1, IL1RAPL1, OPHN4

**Format**

0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

**Storage**

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

**IL1RAPL1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information****Name** IL1RAPL1**Synonyms** OPHN4**Function**

May regulate secretion and presynaptic differentiation through inhibition of the activity of N-type voltage-gated calcium channel (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12783849" target="\_blank">12783849</a>). May activate the MAP kinase JNK (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15123616" target="\_blank">15123616</a>). Plays a role in neurite outgrowth (By similarity). During dendritic spine formation can bidirectionally induce pre- and post-synaptic differentiation of neurons by trans-synaptically binding to PTPRD (By similarity).

**Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein Cytoplasm. Cell projection, axon. Cell projection, dendrite. Note=May localize to the cell body and growth cones of dendrite-like

processes

#### Tissue Location

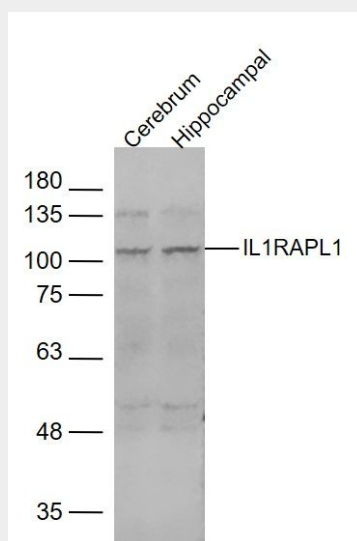
Detected at low levels in heart, skeletal muscle, ovary, skin, amygdala, caudate nucleus, corpus callosum, hippocampus, substantia nigra and thalamus. Detected at very low levels in tonsil, prostate, testis, small intestine, placenta, colon and fetal liver

#### IL1RAPL1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

#### IL1RAPL1 Polyclonal Antibody - Images



Sample:

Cerebrum (Mouse) Lysate at 40 ug

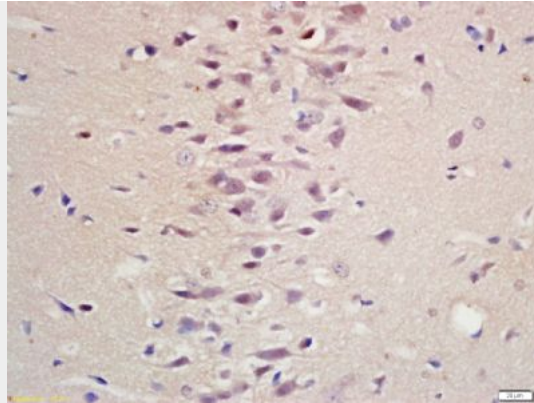
Hippocampal (Mouse) Lysate at 40 ug

Primary: Anti-IL1RAPL1 (bs-0445R) at 1/1000 dilution

Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 78 kD

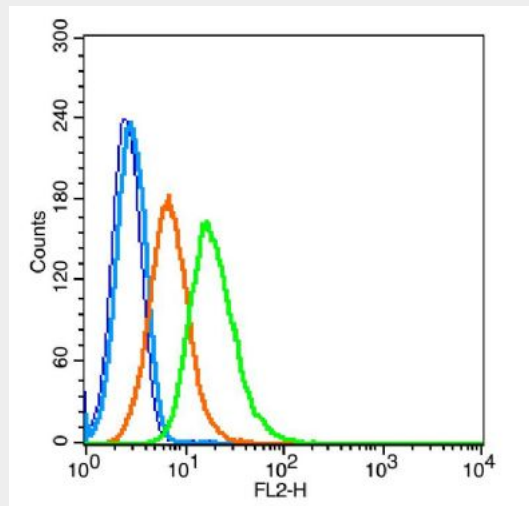
Observed band size: 108 kD



Tissue/cell: rat brain tissue; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded;

Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer ( 0.01M, pH 6.0 ), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum,C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min;

Incubation: Anti-IL1RAPL1 Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(bs-0445R) 1:200, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining



Blank control:TM4(blue).

Primary Antibody: Rabbit Anti-IL1RAPL1 antibody(bs-0445R), Dilution: 1 µg in 100 µL 1X PBS containing 0.5% BSA;

Isotype Control Antibody: Rabbit IgG (orange) ,used under the same conditions.

Secondary Antibody: Goat anti-rabbit IgG-PE(white blue), Dilution: 1:200 in 1 X PBS containing 0.5% BSA.

Protocol

Primary antibody (bs-0445R,1 µg /1x10<sup>6</sup> cells) were incubated for 30 min on the ice, followed by 1 X PBS containing 0.5% BSA + 1 0% goat serum (15 min) to block non-specific protein-protein interactions. Then the Goat Anti-rabbit IgG/PE antibody was added into the blocking buffer mentioned above to react with the primary antibody at 1/200 dilution for 30 min on ice. Acquisition of 20,000 events was performed.