

DYNC1I2 Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) **Catalog # AP54270**

Specification

DYNC112 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application **Primary Accession**

Reactivity Host Clonality Calculated MW **Physical State**

Immunogen

Epitope Specificity

Isotype **Purity**

affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION **SIMILARITY**

SUBUNIT

Post-translational modifications

Important Note

IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E

013409 Rat, Pig, Dog **Rabbit Polyclonal 70 KDa** Liquid

KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived

from human DYNC112

61-160/638

laG

0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02%

Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton.

Belongs to the dynein intermediate chain

family. Contains 7 WD repeats.

Homodimer. The cytoplasmic dynein 1 complex consists of two catalytic heavy chains (HCs) and a number of non-catalytic subunits presented by intermediate chains (ICs), light intermediate chains (LICs) and light chains (LCs); the composition seems to vary in respect to the IC, LIC and LC composition. The heavy chain homodimer serves as a scaffold for the probable homodimeric assembly of the respective non-catalytic subunits. The ICs and LICs bind directly to the HC dimer and the LCs assemble on the IC dimer. Interacts with **DYNLT1** and **DYNLT3**. Interacts with

DCNT1. Interacts with human adenovirus 5 hexon protein; this interaction probably allows virus intracellular transport.

The phosphorylation status of Ser-90

appears to be involved in

dynactin-dependent target binding. This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human. therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions

The inner- and outer-arm dyneins, which bridge between the doublet microtubules in axonemes, are the force-generating proteins responsible for the sliding movement in axonemes. The



intermediate and light chains, thought to form the base of the dynein arm, help mediate attachment and may also participate in regulating dynein activity. This gene encodes an intermediate chain dynein, belonging to the large family of motor proteins. Mutations in this gene result in abnormal ciliary ultrastructure and function associated with primary ciliary dyskinesia (PCD) and Kartagener syndrome. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008].

DYNC112 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 1781

Other Names

Cytoplasmic dynein 1 intermediate chain 2, Cytoplasmic dynein intermediate chain 2, Dynein intermediate chain 2, cytosolic, DH IC-2, DYNC1I2, DNCIC2

Dilution

```
<span class ="dilution_IHC-P">IHC-P~~N/A</span><br \> <span class
="dilution_IHC-F">IHC-F~~N/A</span><br \> <span class
="dilution_IF">IF~~1:50~200</span><br \> <span class ="dilution_ICC">ICC~~N/A</span><br \> <span class ="dilution_E">E~~N/A</span>
```

Storage

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

DYNC112 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name DYNC1I2 (HGNC:2964)

Synonyms DNCI2, DNCIC2

Function

Acts as one of several non-catalytic accessory components of the cytoplasmic dynein 1 complex that are thought to be involved in linking dynein to cargos and to adapter proteins that regulate dynein function (PubMed:31079899). Cytoplasmic dynein 1 acts as a motor for the intracellular retrograde motility of vesicles and organelles along microtubules (PubMed:31079899/a>). The intermediate chains mediate the binding of dynein to dynactin via its 150 kDa component (p150-glued) DCTN1 (By similarity). Involved in membrane-transport, such as Golgi apparatus, late endosomes and lysosomes (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:088487}. Note=Detected in the cytoplasm of pachytene spermatocytes. Localizes to the manchette in elongating spermatids. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:088487}

DYNC112 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

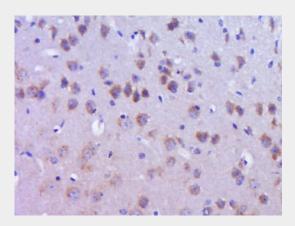
Western Blot





- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

DYNC112 Polyclonal Antibody - Images



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Mouse brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (DYNC1I2) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-10471R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.