

RRAGA + RRAGB Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP54302

Specification

RRAGA + RRAGB Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E

Primary Accession
Reactivity
Rat, Pig, Dog
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW
Physical State

O7L523
Rat, Pig, Dog
Rabbit
Polyclonal
A7 KDa
Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived

from human RRAGA and RRAGB

laG

Epitope Specificity 231-313/313

Isotype
Purity
affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02%

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Lysosome.

Note=Predominantly cytoplasmic. May shuttle between the cytoplasm and nucleus, depending on the bound

nucleotide state. Colocalizes in vivo with adenovirus E3-14.7K mainly to the cytoplasm especially near the nuclear membrane and in discrete foci on or near

the plasma membrane.

SIMILARITY Belongs to the GTR/RAG GTP-binding

protein family.

SUBUNIT Binds GTP. Can occur as a homodimer or as

a heterodimer with RRAGC or RRAGD in a

sequence-independent manner; heterodimerization stabilizes PPAG proteins. In complex with RRAGC, but not with RRAGB, interacts with RPTOR. The

GTP-bound form of RRAGA interacts with NOL8. Interacts with adenovirus E3 14.7

kDa protein.

Important Note This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human,

therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions

Involved in the RCC1/Ran-GTPase pathway. RRAGA may play a direct role in a TNF-alpha signaling pathway leading to induction of cell death. May alternatively act as a cellular target for adenovirus E3-14.7K, an inhibitor of TNF-alpha functions, thereby affecting cell death. Has guanine nucleotide-binding activity but undetectable intrinsic GTPase activity. biquitously expressed with highest levels of expression in skeletal muscle, heart, and brain.



RRAGA + RRAGB Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 10670

Other Names

Ras-related GTP-binding protein A, Rag A, RagA, 3.6.5.-, Adenovirus E3 14.7 kDa-interacting protein 1, FIP-1, RRAGA (HGNC:16963)

Target/Specificity

Ubiquitously expressed with highest levels of expression in skeletal muscle, heart, and brain.

Dilution

```
<span class ="dilution_IHC-P">IHC-P~~N/A</span><br \> <span class
="dilution_IHC-F">IHC-F~~N/A</span><br \> <span class
="dilution_IF">IF~~1:50~200</span><br \> <span class ="dilution_ICC">ICC~~N/A</span><br \> <span class ="dilution_E">E~~N/A</span>
```

Format

0.01M TBS(pH7.4), 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

RRAGA + RRAGB Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name RRAGA (HGNC:16963)

Function

Guanine nucleotide-binding protein that plays a crucial role in the cellular response to amino acid availability through regulation of the mTORC1 signaling cascade (PubMed: 20381137, PubMed:24095279, PubMed:25936802, PubMed:31601708, PubMed:31601764, PubMed:38103557). Forms heterodimeric Rag complexes with RagC/RRAGC or RagD/RRAGD and cycles between an inactive GDP-bound and an active GTP-bound form: RagA/RRAGA is in its active form when GTP-bound RagA/RRAGA forms a complex with GDP-bound RagC/RRAGC (or RagD/RRAGD) and in an inactive form when GDP-bound RagA/RRAGA heterodimerizes with GTP-bound RagC/RRAGC (or RagD/RRAGD) (PubMed: 20381137, PubMed:24095279, PubMed:25936802, PubMed:31601708, PubMed:31601764, PubMed:32868926). In its GTP-bound active form, promotes the recruitment of mTORC1 to the lysosomes and its subsequent activation by the GTPase RHEB (PubMed:20381137, PubMed:25936802, PubMed:<a





href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31601708" target="_blank">31601708, PubMed:31601764). Involved in the RCC1/Ran-GTPase pathway (PubMed:9394008). May play a direct role in a TNF-alpha signaling pathway leading to induction of cell death (PubMed:8995684).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Lysosome membrane Note=Predominantly cytoplasmic (PubMed:8995684, PubMed:9394008) Recruited to the lysosome surface by the Ragulator complex (PubMed:20381137, PubMed:28935770, PubMed:29158492). May shuttle between the cytoplasm and nucleus, depending on the bound nucleotide state (PubMed:8995684, PubMed:9394008). Colocalizes in vivo with adenovirus E3-14.7K mainly to the cytoplasm especially near the nuclear membrane and in discrete foci on or near the plasma membrane (PubMed:8995684).

Tissue Location

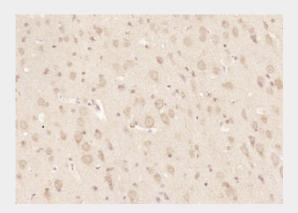
Ubiquitously expressed with highest levels of expression in skeletal muscle, heart, and brain

RRAGA + RRAGB Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

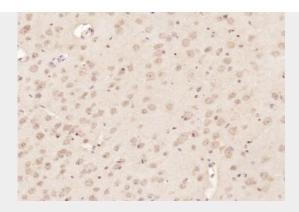
RRAGA + RRAGB Polyclonal Antibody - Images



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (rat brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (RRAGA + RRAGB) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-10731R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.







Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (mouse brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (RRAGA + RRAGB) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (bs-10731R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.